# **FACULTY OF ENGINEERING**

# Scheme of Instruction & Examination

(AICTE Model Curriculum for the Academic Year 2019-2020) (AICTE Model Curriculum for the Academic Year 2020-2021 {III & IV Sem)

and

# Syllabus

# **M.E. I to IV Semester**

of

# **Two Year Post Graduate Degree Programme**

in

# Mechanical Engineering Specialization in CAD/CAM

(With effect from the academic year 2019–2020) (As approved in the faculty meeting held on 25-06-2019)



Issued by Dean, Faculty of Engineering Osmania University, Hyderabad – 500 007 2019

# SCHEME OF INSTRUCTION & EXAMINATION M.E. (Mechanical Engineering)I -Semester Specialization in CAD/CAM

		Scheme of Instruction				So Exa				
S. No.	Course Type/Code	Course Name L		Т	P/D	Contact Hrs/Wk	CIE	SEE	Duration inHrs	Credits
Theory C	Courses	I						1		
1	Core	Program Core – I	3	1	-	4	30	70	3	4
2	Core	Program Core – II	3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3
3	Elective	Professional Elective – I	3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3
4	Elective	Professional Elective – II	3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3
5	MC or OE	MLC/Open Elective	3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3
6	Audit	Audit Course – I	2	-	-	2	30	70	3	0
Practical	Practical/ Laboratory Courses									
7	Lab	Laboratory – I	-	-	2	2	25	50	3	1
8	Lab	Seminar		-	2	2	25	50	3	1
		Total	17	01	04	21	230	520		18

PC: Program Core	<b>PE:</b> Professional Elective	OE: Open Elective	AD: Audit Course
MC: Mandatory Course	HS: Humanities and social	science	

L: Lecture	T: Tutorial	P: Practical	D: Drawing
CIE: Continuous Interna	al Evaluation	SEE: Semester End Ex	xamination (Univ. Exam)

# Note:

- 1. Each contact hour is a Clock Hour.
- 2. The practical class can be of two and half hour (clock hours) duration as per the requirement of a particular laboratory.
- 3. \*\* Open Elective Subject is not offered to the students of Civil Engineering Department.

SCHEME OF INSTRUCTION & EXAMINATION
M.E. (Mechanical Engineering) II - Semester
Specialization in CAD/CAM

				Scheme of Instruction			So Ex	20		
S. No.	Course Type/Code	Course Name	L	Т	P/D	Contact Hrs/Wk	CIE	SEE	Duration in Hrs	Credits
Theory C	Courses		<b>I</b>	1						
1	Core	Program Core – III	3	1	-	4	30	70	3	4
2	Core	Program Core – IV	3	1	-	3	30	70	3	4
3	Elective	Professional Elective – III	3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3
4	MC or OE	Open Elective/MLC	3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3
5	Audit	Audit Course – II	2	-	-	2	30	70	3	0
Practical	/ Laboratory	Courses								
6	Lab	Laboratory – II	-	-	2	2	25	50	3	1
7	Lab	Laboratory – III	-	-	2	2	25	50	3	1
8	PC 1155 CD	Mini Project with Seminar		-	4	4	25	50	3	2
		To	al 14	02	08	24	300	450		18

PC: Program Core	PE:Professional Elective	OE: Open Elective	AD: Audit Course
MC: Mandatory Course	HS: Humanities and social	science	

L: Lecture	T: Tutorial	P: Practical	D: Drawing
CIE: Continuous Interna	al Evaluation	SEE: Semester End Ex	xamination (Univ. Exam)

# Note:

- 1. Each contact hour is a Clock Hour.
- 2. The practical class can be of two and half hour (clock hours) duration as per the requirement of a particular laboratory.
- 3. **\*\*** Open Elective Subject is not offered to the students of Civil Engineering Department.

# SCHEME OF INSTRUCTION & EXAMINATION M.E. (Mechanical Engineering) III - Semester Specialization in CAD/CAM

					Scheme of Instruction			Scheme of Examination			
S. No.	Course Type/Code	Course Name		L	Т	P/D	Contact Hrs/Wk	CIE	SEE	Duration in Hrs	Credits
Theory C	Courses										
1	Elective	Professional Elective – IV		3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3
2	Elective	Professional Elective – V		3	-	-	3	30	70	3	3
3	PC 1156 CD	lajor Project Phase – I		-	-	20	20	100	-	3	10
			Total	06	-	20	26	160	140		16

# M.E. (Mechanical Engineering) IV - Semester Specialization in CAD/CAM

				Sche Instru			-	Scheme of Examination			S
S. No.	Course Type/Code	Course Name		L	Т	P/D	Contact Hrs/Wk	CIE	SEE	Duration in Hrs	Credits
Theory C	Courses										
1	PC 1157 CD	Major Project Phase – II (Dissertation)		-	-	32	32	-	200	3	16
			Total	-	-	32	32	-	200		16

PC: Program CorePE:Professional ElectiveOE: Open ElectiveAD: Audit CourseMC: Mandatory CourseHS: Humanities and social scienceAD: Audit Course

L: Lecture	T: Tutorial	<b>P</b> : Practical	<b>D</b> : Drawing
CIE: Continuous Inter	nal Evaluation	SEE: Semester End E	Examination (Univ. Exam)

# Note:

- 1. Each contact hour is a Clock Hour
- 2. The practical class can be of two and half hour (clock hours) duration as per the requirement of a particular laboratory.
- 3. \*\* Open Elective Subject is not offered to the students of Civil Engineering Department.
- 4. The students who are willing to register for MOOCs in the M.E. (ME) III semester instead of Professional Electives – IV & V, should register for those of the courses, approved by the CBoS, OU and respective college MOOCs Coordinator. Those students are strictly not permitted to appear for either CIE or SEE of Professional Electives – IV & V if they abstain from attending the semester classwork. Further, for students willing to appear for both MOOCS and Professional Electives, they should fulfil the minimum attendance criteria.

S. No.	Course Code Course Title	
1	PC 5101 CD	Computer Aided Modelling and Design
2	PC 5102 CD	Computer Integrated Manufacturing
3	PC 5103 CD	Computer Aided Mechanical Design and Analysis
4	PC 5104 CD	Finite Element Techniques

# List of subjects of Professional Core

# List of subjects of Professional Electives I to V

S. No.	<b>Course Code</b>	Course Title	
1	PE 5116 CD	Product Design and Process Planning	
2	PE 5117 CD	Design for Manufacture	
3	PE 5118 CD	Mechanics of Composite Materials	
4	PE 5119 CD	Optimization Techniques	
5	PE 5120 CD	Design of Press Tools	
6	PE 5121 CD	Additive Manufacturing Technologies and Applications	
7	PE 5122 CD	Fracture Mechanics	
8	PE 5123 CD	Experimental Techniques and Data Analysis	
9	PE 5124 CD	Vibration Analysis and Condition Monitoring	
10	PE 5125 CD	Computational Fluid Dynamics	
11	PE 5126 CD	Robotic Engineering	
12	PE 5127 CD	Advanced Metrology	
13	PE 5128 CD	Control of Dynamic Systems	
14	PE 5129 CD	Advanced Materials Technology	
15	PE 5130 CD	Failure Analysis and Design	

# List of Mandatory Courses

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title
1	MC5121ME	Research Methodology & IPR

# List of Open Electives

S. No.	<b>Course Code</b>	Course Title				
1	OE9101CE**	Cost Management of Engineering Projects				
2	OE9102CS	Business Analytics				
3	OE9103EC	Embedded System Design				
4	OE9104EE	Waste to Energy				
5	OE9105ME	Industrial Safety				

Note: \*\* Open Elective Subject is not offered to the students of Civil Engineering Department.

# List of subjects of Audit Course-I

S. No.	<b>Course Code</b>	Course Title
1	AD 9001 HS	English for Research Paper Writing
2	AD 9002 CE	Disaster Management
3	AD 9003 HS	Sanskrit for Technical Knowledge
4	AD 9004 HS	Value Education

# S. No.Course CodeCourse Title1AD 9011 HSConstitution of India and Fundamental Rights2AD 9012 HSPedagogy Studies3AD 9013 HSStress Management by Yoga4AD 9014 HSPersonality Development through life Enlightenment Skills

# List of subjects of Audit Course-II

# **List of Laboratory Courses**

S. No.	<b>Course Code</b>	Course Title				
1	PC 5151 CD	Advanced CAD Lab				
2	PC 5152 CD	CAM and Automation Lab				
3	PC 5153 CD	Computational Lab				
4	PC 5154 CD	Advanced CAE Lab				

Course Code			Core/Elective				
PC 5101 CD		Comput	Core				
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits
Terequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIL	SEE	Credits
-	3	1	-	-	30	70	4

#### **Course Objectives**

- > To study about the design process and concept of geometric transformations
- > To study the concepts of wireframe modelling
- > To study the concepts related to surface modelling
- > To study the concepts of solid modelling
- > To study about advanced modelling techniques, data exchange formats and mechanical tolerancing

# **Course Outcomes**

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- 1. Understand the design process and analyze the modeling concepts and its graphics using transformations
- 2. Analyze the utility and application of wire frame modelling
- 3. Understand the concepts of surface modelling
- 4. Apply the concepts of solid modeling techniques in practical software's
- 5. Understand the various advanced modeling concepts and analyze the utility of data exchange formats

# UNIT-I

**Introduction to CAD:** Criteria for selection of CAD workstations, Shigle Design Process, Design criteria, Geometric modeling, entities, 2D & 3D Primitives. 2D & 3D Geometric Transformations: Translation, Scaling, Rotation, Reflection and Shearing, concatenation.

#### UNIT-II

Wire frame modeling: Curves: Curve representation. Analytic curves – lines, Circles, Ellipse, Conis. Synthetic curves – Cubic, Bezier, B-Spline, NURBS.

# UNIT-III

**Surface Modeling:** Surface entities, Surface Representation. Analytic Surface – Plane Surface, Ruled Surface, Surface of Revolution, Tabulated Cylinder. Synthetic Surface-Cubic, Bezier, B-spline, Coons.

# UNIT-IV

**Solid Modeling Techniques:** Graph Based Model, Boolean Models, Instances, Cell Decomposition & Spatial – Occupancy Enumeration, Boundary Representation (B-rep) & Constructive Solid Geometry (CSG).

#### UNIT-V

Advanced Modeling Concepts: Feature Based Modeling, Assembling Modeling, Behavioural Modeling, Conceptual Design & Top Down Design.

Data exchange formats: IGES, PDES, STL, STEP.

**Dimensioning and tolerances:** Linear, angular, angular dimensions, maximum material condition (MMC), Least material condition (LMC).Geometric tolerances and Surface finish.

#### Suggested Reading:

1. Ibrahim Zeid, CAD/CAM, Theory and Practice, McGraw Hill, 1998.

- Foley, Van Dam, Feiner and Hughes, Computer Graphics Principles and Practice, 2nd Ed., Addison
   Wesley, 2000.
- 3. Martenson, E. Micheal, Geometric Modelling, John Wiley & Sons, 1995.
- 4. Hill Jr, F.S., Computer Graphics using open GL, Pearson Education, 2003.
- 5. P.N. Reddy, Taj Reddy and C. Srinivas Rao, Production Drawing Practice, The HI-TECH Publishers,2002.

Course Code			Core/Elective				
PC 5102 CD		Compu	Core				
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits
Flerequisite	L	Т	D	Р		SEE	Credits
-	3	-	-	-	30	70	3

#### **Course Objectives**

- > To study about types of manufacturing and engineering concepts w.r.t manufacturing
- > To study the concepts of CIM database and its management
- > To study the various automation production lines
- To study about CIM models
- > To study the advancements in the manufacturing systems

# **Course Outcomes**

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- 1. Understand the need for CIM, evolution of CIM, fundamentals of CIM and the Concept of Concurrent Engineering.
- 2. Know the role of database management of CIM and understand various types of CIM technologies.
- 3. Understand the fundamental networking concepts that helps in integrating all the important components of an enterprise and discusses the different types of CIM models developed by various industries.
- 4. Understand the new trends in manufacturing systems.

# UNIT – I

**Introduction to CIM:** The meaning of Manufacturing, Types of Manufacturing; Basic Concepts of CIM: CIM Definition, Elements of CIM, CIM wheel, concept of technology, Evolution of CIM, Benefits of CIM, Needs of CIM: Hardware and software. Concurrent Engineering: Definition, Sequential Engineering Versus Concurrent Engineering, Benefits of Concurrent Engineering, Characteristics of concurrent Engineering, Framework for integration of Life-cycle phases in CE, Concurrent Engineering Techniques, Integrated Product Development(IPD), Product Life-Cycle Management (PLM), Collaborative Product Development.

# UNIT – II

**CIM database and database management systems:** Introduction, Manufacturing Data: Types, sources; Database Terminology, Database requirements, Database models, Database Management System, DBMS Architecture, Query Language, Structural Query Language (SQL): Basic structure, Data definition Language (Create, Alter, Drop, Truncate, View), Data Manipulation Language (store, retrieve, update, delete). Illustration of Creating and Manipulating a Manufacturing Database. SQL as a Knowledge Base Query Language. Features of commercial DBMS: Oracle, MySQL, SQL Access, Sybase, DB2. Product Data Management (PDM), Advantages of PDM.

# UNIT – III

Automation Production Lines: Automated Flow lines, Methods of Workpart Transport, Transfer Mechanism, Buffer Storage, Control Functions, Automation for Machining Operations, Design and Fabrication Considerations.

Analysis of Automated Flow Lines: General Terminology and Analysis, analysis of Transfer Lines Without Storage, Partial Automation, Automated Flow Lines with Storage Buffers, Computer Simulation of Automated Flow Lines.

# UNIT -IV

**Enterprise Wide Integration in CIM and CIM Models:** Introduction to Networking, Principles of Networking, Network Terminology, Types of Networks: LAN, MAN, WAN; Selection of Network Technology: Communication medium, Network Topology, Medium access control Methods, Signaling methods; Network Architectures and Protocols: OSI Model, MAP & TOP, TCP/IP, Network Interconnection and Devices, Network Performance. Framework for Enterprise-wide Integration. CIM Models: ESPRIT-CIM OSA Model, NIST-AMRF Model, Siemens Model of CIM, Digital Equipment Corporation Model, IBM Concept of CIM.

# UNIT – V

**Future Trends in Manufacturing Systems:** Lean Manufacturing: Definition, Principles of Lean Manufacturing, Characteristics of Lean Manufacturing, Value of Product, Continuous Improvement, Focus on Waste, Relationship of Waste to Profit, Four Functions of Lean Production, Performance Measures, The Supply Chain, Benefits of Lean Manufacturing. Introduction to Agile and Web Based Manufacturing systems.

- 1. S. Kant Vajpayee: Principles of Computer Integrated Manufacturing, Printice-Hall India.
- 2. Nanua Singh: Systems Approach to Computer Integrated Design and Manufacturing- John Wiley.
- 3. P. Radhakrishnan, S. Subramanyam: CAD/CAM/CIM, New Age International
- 4. Alavudeen, Venkateshwaran: Computer Integrated Manufacturing, Printice-Hall India
- 5. MikellP.Grover, Automation, Production Systems and Computer Integrated Manufacturing, Pearson Education Asia.

Course Code			Core/Elective				
PC 5103 CD	Com	nputer Ai	Core				
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits
ricicquisite	L	Т	SEE	Credits			
-	3	1	-	-	30	70	4

# **Course Objectives**

- > To develop students knowledge and understanding of Bending of Plates
- > To understand the basics of designing pressure vessels against internal and external pressure loads.
- > To understand the effect of thermal stress on pressure vessel
- To understand the phenomenon of buckling in pressure vessels and usage of various methods available to prevent buckling of pressure vessels
- To understand the importance of numerical methods in solving multi degree freedom dynamic analysis problems
- > To understand various numerical methods available for solving eigen values problems

# **Course Outcomes**

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- 1. Determine the stresses in the plates due to various types of stresses
- 2. Design the pressure vessels for different applications
- 3. Design vessels/ cylinders to prevent the buckling failure
- 4. Determine the vibrations in stepped beams and bars
- 5. Analyze the stability of the system

#### UNIT-I

**Stresses in flat plates:** Introduction, Bending of plate in one direction, Bending of plate in two perpendicular directions, Thermal stresses in plates, Bending of circular plates of constant thickness, Bending of uniformly loaded plates of constant thickness.

#### UNIT-II

**Design of pressure Vessels:** Introduction and constructional features of pressure vessels, stresses in pressure vessels, shrink fit stresses in built up cylinders, autofrettage of thick cylinders, thermal stresses and their significance. Stress concentration at a variable thickness, thickness transition in a cylindrical vessel, about a circular hole, elliptical openings, reinforcement design

#### UNIT-III

**Buckling in vessels:** Buckling phenomenon – Elastic Buckling of circular ring and cylinders under external pressure – collapse of thick walled cylinders or tubes under external pressure – Effect of supports on Elastic Buckling of Cylinders – Buckling under combined External pressure and axial loading.

# UNIT-IV

**Eigen Value Problems:** Properties of Eigen values and Eigen Vectors, Torsional, Longitudinal vibration, lateral vibration, Sturm sequence. Subspace iteration and Lanczo's method, Component mode synthesis, Eigen value problems applied to stepped beams and bars.

#### UNIT-V

**Dynamic Analysis:** Direct integration method, Central difference method, Wilson- $\theta$  method, Newmark method, Mode superposition, Single degree of freedom system response, Multi degree of freedom system response, Rayleigh damping, Condition for stability.

- 1. John, V. Harvey, Pressure Vessel Design: Nuclear and Chemical Applications, Affiliated East West Press Pvt. Ltd., 1969.
- 2. V. Rammurti, Computer Aided Mechanical Design and Analysis, Tata McGraw Hill-1992.
- 3. Abdel-RehmanRagab& Salah EdinBayoumi, Engineering Solid Mechanics, CRC Press, 1998
- 4. Annaratone, Donatello, Pressure Vessel Design, springer verlag, 2007
- 5. Henry bednar, Pressure vessel Design handbook, Krieger Pub Co; 2 edition.
- 6. Chandrasekhra, Theory of Plates, University Press, 2001

Course Code			Core/Elective				
PC 5104 CD		F	Core				
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits
Trerequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEL	cicuits
-	3	1	-	-	30	70	4

# **Course Objectives**

- To understand the theory and application of the finite element method for analyzing structural systems
- > To learn Approximation theory for structural problems as the basis for finite element methods
- > To learn formulations for a variety of elements in one, two and three dimensions
- > To understand modeling and analysis of structures using planar, solid, and plate elements

# **Course Outcomes**

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- 1. Determine the shape functions and stiffness matrices and finite element equations
- 2. Analyze the behavior of the trusses and frames
- 3. Analyze complex structural problems
- 4. Analyze the thermal behavior of different systems
- 5. Determine the dynamic behavior of the systems

# UNIT-I

**Introduction**: Finite Element Method of solving field problems. Stress and Equilibrium. Boundaryconditions. Strain-Displacement relations. Stress-strain relations. One Dimensional Problem: Finite element modeling. Local, natural and global coordinates and shape functions. Potential Energy approach: Assembly of Global stiffness matrix and load vector. Finite element equations, treatment of boundary conditions. Quadratic shape functions.

# UNIT-II

Analysis of trusses and frames: Analysis of plane truss with number of unknowns not exceeding two at each node. Analysis of frames with two translations and a rotational degree of freedom at each node. Analysis of Beams: Element stiffness matrix for two noded, two degrees of freedom per node for beam element.

# UNIT-III

**Finite element modeling** of two dimensional stress analysis problems with constant strain triangles and treatment of boundary conditions. Two dimensional four nodedisoparametric elements and numerical integration. Finite element modeling of Axisymmentric solids subjected of axisymmetric loading with triangular elements. Convergence requirements and geometric isotropy.

# UNIT-IV

**Steady state heat transfer analysis:** One dimensional analysis of a fin and two dimensional conduction analysis of thin plate. Time dependent field problems: Application to one dimensional heat flow in a rod. **Dynamic analysis:** Formulation of finite element modeling of Eigen value problem for a stepped bar and beam. Evaluation of Eigen values and Eigen vectors. Analysis of a uniform shaft subjected to torsion using Finite Element Analysis.

# UNIT-V

**Finite element formulation** of three dimensional problems in stress analysis. Finite Element formulation of an incompressible fluid. Potential flow problems Bending of elastic plates. Introduction to non-linear problems and Finite Element analysis software.

- 1. Tirupathi R Chandraputla and Ashok. D. Belegundu, *Introduction of Finite Element in Engineering*, Prentice Hall of India, 1997.
- 2. Rao S.S., The Finite Element Methods in Engineering, Pergamon Press, 1989.
- 3. Segerland. L.J., Applied Finite Element Analysis, Wiley Publication, 1984.
- 4. Reddy J.N., An Introduction to Finite Element Methods, McGraw Hill Company, 1984.

Course Code			Core/Elective				
PE 5116 CD		Produc	Elective				
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits
rierequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	Credits
-	3	-	-	70	3		

# **Course Objectives**

- > To learn the essential factors with innovative ideas to develop successive right product.
- To know the product reliability, copyrights, value Engineering in product design and cost estimation of product.
- To understand the various machining processes, improving tolerances methods, selection of materials and their importance.
- To understand the modern approaches, ergonomics considerations in product design, integration of design, manufacturing and production control.

# **Course Outcomes**

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- 1. Understand the functions related to the product design and process design
- 2. Estimate the product reliability
- 3. Determine the manufacturing process based on the application
- 4. Design as per the industrial ergonomics
- 5. Utilize the computers for the management of the manufacturing process

# UNIT-I

Product design and process design functions, selection of a right product, essential factors of product design, Morphology of design, sources of new ideas for products, evaluation of new product ideas. Product innovation procedure-Flow chart. Qualifications of product design Engineer. Criteria for success/failure of a product. Value of appearance, colours and Laws of appearance.

# UNIT-II

Product reliability, Mortality Curve, Reliability systems, Manufacturing reliability and quality control. Patents: Definitions, classes of patents, applying for patents. Trademarks and copyrights. Cost and quality sensitivity of products, Elements of cost of a product, costing methods, cost reduction and cost control activities. Economic analysis, Break even analysis Charts. Value engineering in product design, creativity aspects and techniques. Procedures of value analysis – cost reduction, material and process selection.

# UNIT-III

Various manufacturing processes, degree of accuracy and finish obtainable, process capability studies. Methods of improving tolerances. Basic product design rules for Casting, Forging, Machining, Sheet metal and Welding. Physical properties of engineering materials and their importance on products. Selection of plastics, rubber and ceramics for product design.

# UNIT-IV

Industrial ergonomics: Man- machine considerations, ease of maintenance. Ergonomic onsiderations in product design-Anthropometry Design of controls, man-machine information exchange. Process sheet detail and their importance, advanced techniques for higher productivity. Just -in -time and Kanban System. Modern approaches to product design; quality function development, Rapid prototyping.

# UNIT-V

Role of computer in product design and management of manufacturing, creation of manufacturing data base, Computer Integrated Manufacturing, communication network, production flow analysis, Group Technology, Computer Aided product design and process planning. Integrating product design, manufacture and production control.

- 1. Niebel, B.W., and Draper, A.B., Product design and process Engineering, McGraw Hill Kogalkusha Ltd., Tokyo, 1974.
- 2. Chitale, A.K, and Gupta, R.C., Product Design and Manufacturing, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2004.
- 3. Mahajan, M. Industrial Engineering and Production Management, DhanpathRai& Co., 2000.

Course Code			Core/Elective				
PE 5117 CD			Elective				
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits
Trerequisite	L	Т	D	Р			
-	3	-	3				
						,	

#### **Course Objectives**

- > To study about the general design principles for manufacturability
- > To study process of metallic components design
- > To study process of providing various shapes in metallic components design
- > To study process of non metallic components design
- > To study process related to assembly of components

# **Course Outcomes**

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- 1. Determine the economic use of the raw materials
- 2. Understand the various secondary manufacturing aspects
- 3. Understand the underlying principles in creating various shapes in metallic components
- 4. Determine the principles involved in non metallic components design
- 5. Analyze the economical assemblage process with the aid of computers

# UNIT-I

Introduction: General design principles for manufacturability, strength and mechanical factors, mechanisms selection, evaluation method, geometrical tolerances, tolerance control and utilization. Economic Use of Raw Materials: Ferrous steel, hot rolled steel, cold finished steel, stainless steel, non ferrous materials aluminium, copper, brass, non metallic materials, plastics, rubber and composites.

#### UNIT-II

Metallic Components Design: Metal extrusion, metal stamping, fine blanking, four slide parts, spring and wire forms, spun metal parts, cold headed parts, extruded parts, tube and section bends, rolled formed parts, power metal parts, forging electro forming parts, specialized forming methods, turned parts, machined round holes, drilled parts, milled parts.

#### UNIT-III

Metallic Components Design: Planned shaped and slotted parts, screw threaded contoured and internal ground parts, center less ground, electrical discharged, rolled furnished parts, electro chemical and advanced machine parts. Sand cast, die cast, investment cast and other cast products.

#### **UNIT-IV**

Non Metallic Components Design: Thermosetting plastic, injection moulded and rotational moulded parts, blow moulded, welded plastic articles, ceramics. Assembled Parts Design: Welded parts, arc, resistance, brazed and soldered parts, gear box assembly, bearing assembly.

#### UNIT-V

Assembled Parts Design: Retension, bolted connection, screwed connections, flanged connections, centred connections, press fitted connections, surface finishing, plated parts, heat treated parts, NC machining, group technology, low cost automation, computer aided manufacture, product design requirements. **Case Studies:** Identification of economical design and redesign for manufacture.

- 1. James G. Bralla, —Hand book of product design for manufacturing McGraw Hill Co., 1986
- 2. K.G. Swift Knowledge based design for Manufacturel, Kogan page Limited, 1987.

Course Code				Core/Elective			
PE 5118 CD		Mech	Elective				
Prerequisite	Co	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits
rierequisite	L	Т	D	Р		SEE	Credits
-	3	-	3				

#### **Course Objectives**

- > To study about the types of composites
- > To study the properties of composites
- > To study the laminar structure of composites and determine the stresses
- > To study the strength and failure modes in composites
- > To study the analysis of plates

# **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- 1. Understand the importance of fibres and matrix materials in preparation of various types of composites
- 2. Determine the micromechanics of composites
- 3. Determine the behavior of composite beams
- 4. Understand the behavior of unidirectional fibre composites and orthotropic lamina composites
- 5. Analyze the stresses in plates and cylindrical shells

# UNIT-I

**Introduction:** Fibres, Matrix materials, interfaces, polymer matrix composites, metal matrix composites, ceramic matrix composites carbon fibre composites.

#### UNIT-II

**Micromechanics of Composites:** Mechanical properties-Prediction of Elastic constant, micromechanical approach, Halpin-Tsai equations, Transverse stresses. Thermal properties-Hygrothermal stresses, mechanics of load transfer from matrix to fibre.

# UNIT-III

**Macromechanics of Composites:** Elastic constants of a lamina, relations between engineering constants and reduced stiffness and compliances, variation of lamina properties with orientation, analysis of laminated composites, stresses and strains with orientation, inter-laminar stresses and edge effects. Simplified composite beam solutions. Bending of laminated beams.

# **UNIT-IV**

**Strength, fracture, fatigue and design:** Tensile and compressive strength of unidirectional fibre composites **Fracture modes in composites:** Single and multiple fracture, de-bonding, fibre pullout and de-lamination failure, fatigue of laminate composites. Effect of variability of fibre strength.

**Strength of an orthotropic lamina:** Max stress theory, max strain criteria, maximum work (Tsai-Hill) criterion, quadratic interaction criteria. Designing with composite materials.

#### UNIT-V

Analysis of plates and shells: Plate equilibrium equations, Bending of composite plates, Levy and Navier solution for plates of composite materials. Analysis of composite cylindrical shells under axially symmetric loads.

- 1. Jones, R.M., Mechanics of Composite Materials, McGraw Hill Co., 1967.
- 2. Calcote, L.R., The Analysis of Laminated Composite Structures, Van Nostrand, 1969.
- 3. Whitney, I.M. Daniel, R.B. Pipes, *Experimental Mechanics of Fibre Reinforced Composite Materials*, Prentice Hall, 1984.
- 4. Hyer, M.W., Stress Analysis of Fibre Reinforced Composite Materials, McGraw Hill Co., 1998.
- 5. Carl. T. Herakovich, Mechanics of Fibrous Composites, John Wiley Sons Inc., 1998.

Course Code			Core/Elective						
PE 5119 CD		Optimization Techniques							
	C	Contact Hours per Week							
Prerequisite	L	L T D P CIE SEE							
-	3	-	-	-	30	70	3		
<ul> <li>Course Objectives</li> <li>To study about the design types of simulation</li> <li>To study about decision theory</li> <li>To study about integer programming</li> <li>To study about dynamic programming</li> </ul>									

➢ To study about classical optimization

# **Course Outcomes**

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- 1. Determine the simulation process required for various applications
- 2. Analyze the decision making under certainty and uncertainty, risk etc.
- 3. Utilize the different methods of integer programming
- 4. Utilize the skills of dynamic programming for different types of problems
- 5. Analyze and apply the optimization techniques

#### UNIT-I

**Simulation:** Introduction, Types of Simulation, Simulation Models, Monte Carlo Simulation, Random Number, Pseudo Random Number, Mid-Square Method of generating Random Numbers, Application & Limitation, Application of Simulation to Inventory Control and Queuing Problem

#### UNIT-II

**Decision Theory:** Introduction, Decision, Decision Making & Decision Theory, Types of Decisions, decision making process, Types of Decision making Environment: **Decision making under certainty** – Expected Monetary Value (EMV), Expected Opportunity Loss (EOL) Criterion & Expected Value of Perfect Information (EVPI) Criterion **Decision making under risk**- Criterion of Pessimism or Manimax, Criterion of Optimism or Maximin, Minimax Regret Criterion, Criterion of Realism & Criterion of Rationality **Decision making under uncertainty** and **Decision tree analysis**: Introduction, Procedure of Constructing Decision Trees & Solution through Decision Tree Analysis.

# UNIT-III

**Integer Programming:** Introduction, Types of Integer Programming Problems, Gomory's Cutting Plane method. Branch and Bound method for all Integer Programming Problems & Mixed Integer Programming Problems

#### UNIT-IV

**Dynamic Programming:** Introduction- Bellman"s principle of optimality-Application of dynamic programming-Linear programming problem-Capital budgeting problem

#### UNIT-V

**Classical Optimization:** Introduction; Unconstrained problems of maxima and minima, constrained problems of maxima and minima; Constraints in the form of equations – Lagrangian method; Constraints in the form of inequalities -Kuhn-tucker conditions.

- 1. S.S.Rao, Optimization Theory and Applications, NAI Publishers, Hyderabad, 1995.
- 2. S.D.Sharma, Operations Research, Kedarnath and Co. Publishers, Meerut, 2004.
- 3. V. K. Kapoor, Operations Research, S. Chand, New Delhi, 2004.
- 4. HamdyA.Taha, Operations Research, Pearson Education, New York, 2001.
- 5. Bronson-Schaum Series, Operations Research, McGraw Hill, Singapore, 1983.
- 6. David Goldberg, Genetic Algorithms, S Chand Publications, 2006.

Course Code		Core/Elective						
PE 5120 CD			Elective					
Prerequisite	Co	ontact Hou	Credits					
Fielequisite	L	Т	D	Р	- CIE	SEE	Credits	
-	3	3 30 70						
Course Objectives > To study the > To study the	different	componer	nts of the p					
<ul> <li>To study abo</li> <li>To study abo</li> <li>To study abo</li> <li>To study abo</li> </ul>	out bendin	g in dies	1	1	ss tools			

# **Course Outcomes**

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- 1. Understand the various press tool operations and analyze the forces involved in it
- 2. Analyze the design of die plates, punches etc.
- 3. Analyze the various aspects in the design of dies
- 4. Determine the construction and working principles of dies based on application
- 5. Design and analyze the drawing and forming operations for practical application problems

# UNIT-I

Classification of presses – Specification of Presses – Safety Devices in Presses – Principles of loading and unloading equipment – Various press tool operations – Selection of types of presses – Theory of shearing – Clearance concept – Location of clearance for regular and irregular shapes – Analysis of forces – Force, power & energy – Stock strip terms – Layouts – Economic utilization – Dimensioning of punches and die openings with tolerance.

#### UNIT-II

Classification of dies viz. shearing, bending, drawing & forming – Terminology of press tool elements – Design considerations of various elements viz. die plates, stock guides, strippers & types – Shedders – Stops - function and types – Pilots - function and types – Punches types – Punches mounted in punch holder – Calculation of spring, rubber, ejector – Shear and its application – Types of shear (cutting with inclined edges) – Alignment system design of press tools.

# UNIT-III

Design of dies – Simple piercing/blanking – Inverted die – Compound die – Progressive dies – Rules for developing stock – Strip layouts for progressive dies – Types of progressive dies viz. blank through, slug cur-off and shear cut off – Load centre – Necessity – Analytical and graphical method to determine load centre (i.e. centre of pressure) – Miscellaneous dies – Shaving, Horn, Cam actuated and precision lamination dies – Fine blanking dies – Principles - design considerations.

# UNIT-IV

Bending dies – Theory of bending – Blank development – Spring back effect – Spring back factor – Methods of correction to overcome spring back – both practical and theoretical – Types of bending dies viz. V, U and L – Pressure pad dies – Forces in bending – Construction and working principles – Press brake Tooling – Curling – Flanging – Principles of stretch forming – Stretch forming dies.

# UNIT-V

Drawing and forming: Definition of drawing, redrawing, reverse redraw – Theory of drawing for metal flow in cylindrical shells – Blank development – Algebraic - centre of gravity, segment area and layout method – Severity of draw – Reduction – Strain factor – Draw force calculation – Draw die edge radius consideration – Blank holder – Stages in draw dies – Calculations – Drawing of rectangular components – Blank development – Draw beeds – Ironing – Defects in draw – Modern metal forming techniques viz. rubber pad forming, explosive forming, magnetic pulse forming, roll forming – Awareness of various software for sheet metal operations, both for analysis and design.

- 1. Fundamentals of Tool Design ASTME, Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 1987
- 2. Die Design Handbook AISME, McGraw Hills, Newyork, 1965
- 3. Eary& Reed, Shear Working of Metals, Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 1969
- 4. Basic Die Making & Advance Die Making D. Eugene Ostergaard, McGraw Hill
- 5. Tool Design by Cyril Donaldson Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.

Course Code			Core/Elective					
PE 5121 CD	Additiv	e Manuf	Elective					
Prerequisite	Co	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits	
ricicquisite	L	Т	D	Р		SEE	Credits	
-	3	-	-	-	30	70	3	

#### **Course Objectives**

- To understand the fundamentals for additive manufacturing and how it is different and discuss about various types of liquid based, solid based and powder based AM technologies.
- To understand the various types of Pre-processing, processing, post-processing errors in AM. Also to know the various types of data formats and software's used in AM.
- To know the various applications of AM in design analysis, aerospace, automotive, biomedical and other fields

# **Course Outcomes**

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- 1. Understand the fundamentals of prototyping and automated processes
- 2. Analyze the utility and application of liquid and solid based AM systems
- 3. Understand the concepts of powder based AM systems and Rapid tooling
- 4. Utilize the AM software's and Data formats
- 5. Utilize the AM for various practical applications

# UNIT-I

**Introduction**: Prototyping fundamentals: Need for time compression in product development, Need for Additive Manufacturing, Historical development, Fundamentals of Additive Manufacturing, AM Process Chain, Advantages and Limitations of AM, Commonly used Terms, Classification of AM process, Fundamental Automated Processes: Distinction between AM and CNC, other related technologies.

# UNIT-II

Liquid-based AM Systems: Stereo lithography Apparatus (SLA): Models and specifications, Process, working principle, photopolymers, photo polymerization, Layering technology, laser and laser scanning, Applications, Advantages and Disadvantages, Case studies. Solid ground curing (SGC): Models and specifications, Process, working principle, Applications, Advantages and Disadvantages, Case studies. Polyjet: Process, Principle, working principle, Applications, Advantages and Disadvantages, Case studies. Microfabrication.

**Solid-based AM Systems**: Laminated Object Manufacturing (LOM): Models and specifications, Process, working principle, Applications, Advantages and Disadvantages, Case studies. Fused Deposition Modeling (FDM): Models and specifications, Process, working principle, Applications, Advantages and Disadvantages, Case studies. Multi-Jet Modelling (MJM): Models and specifications, Process, working principle, Applications, Advantages and Disadvantages, Case studies.

# UNIT-III

**Powder Based AM Systems**: Selective laser sintering (SLS): Models and specifications, Process, working principle, Applications, Advantages and Disadvantages, Case studies. Three dimensional Printing (3DP): Models and specifications, Process, working principle, Applications, Advantages and Disadvantages, Case studies. Laser Engineered Net Shaping (LENS): Models and specifications, Process, working principle, Applications, Advantages and Disadvantages, Case studies. Electron Beam Melting (EBM): Models and specifications, Process, working principle, Applications, Advantages, Case studies.

**Rapid Tooling**: Introduction to Rapid Tooling (RT), Conventional Tooling Vs RT, Need for RT. Rapid Tooling Classification: Indirect Rapid Tooling Methods: Arc Spray Metal Deposition, Investment Casting, Sand Casting, 3D Keltool process. Direct Rapid Tooling: Direct AIM, LOM Tools, DTM Rapid Tool Process, EOS Direct Tool Process and Direct Metal Tooling using 3DP.

# UNIT-IV

**AM Data Formats**: Reengineering for Digital Representation, STL Format, STL File Problems, Consequence of Building Valid and Invalid Tessellated Models, STL file Repairs: Generic Solution, Other Translators, Newly Proposed Formats. Mesh Refining by Sub division Techniques.

**AM Software's**: Need for AM software, Features of various AM software's like Magics, Mimics, Solid View, View Expert, 3 D View, Velocity 2, Rhino, STL View 3 Data Expert and 3 D doctor, SurgiGuide, 3-matic, Simplant, MeshLab.

#### UNIT-V

**AM Applications**: Application – Material Relationship, Application in Design, Application in Engineering, Analysis and Planning, Aerospace Industry, Automotive Industry, Jewelry Industry, Coin Industry, GIS application, Arts and Architecture. RP Medical and Bioengineering Applications: Planning and simulation of complex surgery, Customised Implants & Prosthesis, Design and Production of Medical Devices, Forensic Science and Anthropology, Visulization of Biomolecules. Web Based Rapid Prototyping Systems.

- 1. Rapid prototyping: Principles and Applications Chua C.K., Leong K.F. and LIM C.S, World Scientific Publications, Third Edition, 2010.
- 2. Rapid Manufacturing D.T. Pham and S.S. Dimov, Springer, 2001
- 3. Wholers Report 2000 Terry Wohlers, Wohlers Associates, 2000
- 4. Rapid Prototyping & Engineering Applications Frank W.Liou, CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, 2011.

Course Code		Core/Elective					
PE 5122 CD		Elective					
Dronoquisito	С	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits
Prerequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	
-	3	-	-	-	30	70	3
Course Objectives > To study abo	• •						
<ul><li>To study the</li><li>To study the</li></ul>	-			wth rate an	d its failure		
<ul><li>To study the</li><li>To study about</li></ul>	-		-	,, in rate an			
To study abo	out crack g	growth law	7				
<b>Course Outcomes</b>							
At the end of this co	urse stude	ents will h	e able to				

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- 1. Understand the concepts of fracture
- 2. Analyze the effect of crack size and its growth on the failure of the component
- 3. Understand the mechanics related to energy release rate in crack propagation
- 4. Determine the elastic plastic fracture mechanics
- 5. Determine the suitable materials for the application so as to avoid fracture

# UNIT-I

Introduction: Crack in a Structure – Griffth Criterion – Cleavage fracture – Ductile fracture – Fatigue Cracking. Service failure analysis.

#### UNIT-II

Elastic Crack: Elastic Crack tip stress field – Solution to crack problems. Effect of finite size stress intensity factor – Special cases – Irwin plastic zone correction. Actual shape of plastic zone – Plane stress – Plane strain.

#### UNIT-III

Energy Principle: Energy release rate – Criterion for crack growth – Crack resistance curve – Principles of crack arrest – Crack arrest in practice. Fatigue Crack Growth: Fatigue crack growth test, stress intensity factor, factors affecting stress intensity factor – Variable amplitude service loading, retardation model.

#### UNIT-IV

Elastic Plastic Fracture Mechanics: Elastic plastic fracture concept – Crack tip opening displacement – Jintegral technique; Determination of J-using FEM.

# UNIT-V

Application of Fracture Mechanics: Fracture design – Selection of materials – fatigue crack growth rate curve – Stress intensity factor range – Use of crack growth law.

- 1. Broek, D., Elementary Engineering Fracture Mechanics, Springer Science & Business Media, 2012.
- 2. John M. Barson and Stanely T. Rolfe, Fracture and Fatigue Control in Structures, Prentice Hall, 1987.
- Jean Cemative and Jean Louis Chboche, Mechanics of Solid Materials, Cambridge University Press, 1987.

Course Code			Core/Elective				
PE 5123 CD	E	xperimer	Elective				
Duran and its	C	ontact Hou	irs per We	ek	Cratita		
Prerequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	Credits
-	3	-	-	-	30	70	3

# **Course Objectives**

- > To understand the working principle of instruments used for cutting forces measurement and temperature measurement.
- > To have knowledge of various precision measuring instruments for metallurgical studies.
- > To understand the basic concept of experiment design for collection of data
- > To learn the data analysis, optimization of experimental methods for better data.

# **Course Outcomes**

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- 1. Determine the cutting forces, displacement and stresses
- 2. Utilize the various techniques for the measurement of temperature
- 3. Analyze the microstructure using various techniques
- 4. Design the experiment and analyze the data
- 5. Determine the optimization of the experiments and its data

# UNIT-I

Measurement of Cutting Forces: Strain gauge and piezoelectric transducers and their characteristics. Dynamometer construction, Bridge circuits. Instrumentation and calibration. Displacement and strain measurements by photoelasticity. Holography, interferometer, Moir techniques, strain gauge rosettes.

#### UNIT-II

Temperature Measurement: Circuits and instrumentation for different transducers viz, bimetallic, expanding fluid, electrical resistance, thermister, thermocouples, pyrometers. Flow Measurement: Transducers for flow measurements of Non-compressible and compressible fluids. Obstruction and drag methods. Vortex shredding flow meters. Ultrasonic, LaserDopler and Hotwire anemometer. Flow visualization techniques, Shadow graphs, Schlieren photography. Interferometer.

#### UNIT-III

Metallurgical Studies: Optical and electron microscopy, X-Ray diffraction, Bragg"s Law and its application for studying crystal structure and residual stresses. Electron spectroscopy, electron microprobe. Surface Measurements: Micro hardness, roughness, accuracy of dimensions and forms. 3 -D co-ordinate measuring machines.

#### UNIT-IV

Experiment design & data analysis: Statistical methods, Randomized block design, Latin and orthogonal squares, factorial design. Replication and randomization. Data Analysis: Deterministic and random data, uncertainty analysis, tests for significance: Chi -square, student's t-test. Regression modeling, direct and interaction effects. ANOVA, F-test. Time Series analysis, Autocorrelation and autoregressive modeling.

#### UNIT-V

Taguchi Methods: Experiment design and planning with Orthogonal arrays and linear graphs. Additive cause effect model. Optimization of response level. Identification of Design and noise factors.

Performance evaluation and Optimization by signal to noise ratios. Concept of loss function and its application.

- 1. Holman, J.P.: Experimental Methods for Engineers, McGraw Hill Int., New York.
- 2. Venkatesh, V.C., and Chandrasekharan, Experimental Methods in Metal Cutting, Prentice Hall of India, Delhi.
- 3. Davis, O.V.; The Design and Analysis of Industrial Experiments, Longman, London.
- 4. Box and Jenkins; Time Series analysis, Forecasting and control, Holden Day, Sanfrancisco.
- 5. Dove and Adams, Experimental stress analysis and motion measurement, Prentice Hall of India, Delhi.
- 6. Tapan P. Bagchi, Taguchi Methods Explained, Prentice Hall of India, Delhi.

Course Code		Core/Elective					
PE 5124 CD	Vi	bration A	Elective				
	C	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek			
Prerequisite	L T D P				CIE	SEE	Credits
-	3	-	-	70	3		

#### **Course Objectives**

- Fully understand importance of vibrations in mechanical design of machine parts that operate under vibratory conditions.
- Able to write differential equation of motion of vibratory system and understand free and forced modes of vibration
- Able to obtain linear vibratory models of dynamic systems of varying complexity (SDOF,MDOF)
- > Able to understand the various condition monitoring techniques available in the literature
- Able to understand the various devices available to record interpret and understand the vibration data.

# **Course Outcomes**

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- 1. Understand the causes of vibration and types of vibration
- 2. Determine the behavior of two degrees freedom systems
- 3. Analyze the multi degree freedom systems
- 4. Determine the methods that can be utilize for condition monitoring of various systems
- 5. Understand the various special vibration measuring techniques

# UNIT-I

Causes and effects of vibration. Vibrations of Single Degree of freedom systems. Free, Damped and Forced vibrations

# UNIT-II

Two Degree of freedom systems. Bending vibrations of two degree of freedom systems, Steady state and transient characteristics of vibration, vibration absorber and vibration isolation.

# UNIT-III

Multi degree of freedom systems: Dunkerley method, Rayleigh method, stodola method and holzers method. Modal analysis.

# **UNIT-IV**

Introduction to Condition Monitoring, Failure types, investigation and occurrences. Causes of failure, Vibration measuring instruments, vibration transducers, signal conditioning elements. Display and recording elements. Vibration meters and analyzers. Condition Monitoring through vibration analysis.Frequency analysis, Filters, Vibration signature of active systems, vibration limits and standards.

#### UNIT-V

Contaminant analysis, SOAP and other contaminant monitoring techniques. Special vibration measuring techniques - Change in sound method, Ultrasonic measurement method, Shock pulse measurement, Kurtosis, Acoustic emission monitoring, Cepstrum analysis, Modal analysis, critical speed analysis, Shaft –orbit & position analysis.

- 1. Rao S .S Mechanical Vibrations , 5 Edition, Prentice Hall, 2011
- 2. V.P.Singh, Mechanical vibrations, DhanpatRai Publications, 2015
- 3. Collacott, R.A., *Mechanical Fault Diagnosis and Condition Monitoring*, Chapman & Hall, London, 1982.
- 4. John S. Mitchell, *Introduction to Machinery Analysis and Monitoring*, Penn Well Books, Penn Well Publishing Company, Tulsa, Oklahoma, 1993.
- 5. J S Rao, Vibration condition monitoring of machines, CRC Press, 2000
- 6. Nakra, B.C. Yadava, G.S. and Thuested, L., *Vibration Measurement and Analysis,* National Productivity Council, New Delhi, 1989.

Course Code			Core/Elective				
PE 5125 CD		Con	Elective				
Duranteriaita	C	ontact Hou	Credits				
Prerequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	Credits
-	3	-	-	-	30	70	3

#### **Course Objectives**

- To convert the conservation equations of fluid flow in differential form into algebraic equations and apply numerical methods to obtain solutions.
- > To learn the finite difference method.
- > To learn finite volume method and solution methodology for fluid flow problems

# **Course Outcomes**

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- 1. Understand the concepts of turbulence and fluid dynamics
- 2. Determine and develop the partial differential equations for various conditions
- 3. Design the grid for different applications
- 4. Determine the finite difference solutions
- 5. Analyze the systems using finite volume method

# UNIT-I

Review of basic equations of fluid dynamics: Continuity, Momentum and Energy equations, Navier Stokes equations, Reynolds and Favre averaged N - S equations. Differential equations for steady and unsteady state heat conduction. Differential equations for diffusion. Introduction to turbulence, Turbulence models-mixing length model, K- turbulence Model.

# UNIT-II

Classification of PDEs – Elliptic, parabolic and hyperbolic euqations. Initial and boundary value problems. Concepts of Finite difference methods – forward, backward and central difference. Errors, Consistency, Stability analysis by von Neumann. Convergence criteria.

# UNIT-III

Grid Generation- Types of grid O,H,C. Coordinate transformation, algebraic methods. Unstructured grid generation.

# UNIT-IV

Finite difference solutions-Parabolic PDEs – Euler, Crank Nicholson, Implicit methods, Elliptic PDEs – Jacobi, Gauss Seidel, ADI, methods. FD- solution for Viscous incompressible flow using Stream function – Vorticity method & MAC method.

# UNIT-V

Introduction to Finite volume method. Finite volume formulations for diffusion equation, convection diffusion equation. Solution algorithm for pressure velocity coupling in steady flows. Use of Staggered grids SIMPLE Algorithm.

# Suggested Reading:

1. PradipNiyogi, Chakrabartty SK, Laha M.K., "Introduction to Computational Fluid Dynamics", Pearson Education, 2005.

- 2. Muralidhar K, Sundararajan T, "Computational Fluid flow and Heat transfer", Narosa Publishing House, 2003.
- 3. Chung, T J, "Computational Fluid Dynamics", Cambridge University Press, 2002.
- 4. John D Anderson, "Computational Fluid Dynamics", McGraw Hill, Inc., 1995.
- 5. Patankar, S.V, "Numerical Heat transfer and Fluid flow", Hemisphere Publishing Company, New York, 1980.

Course Code			Core/Elective				
PE 5126 CD			Elective				
Prerequisite	Co	Contact Hours per Week CIE					Credits
rierequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	Credits
-	3	-	-	-	30	70	3

# **Course Objectives**

- > To develop the student's knowledge in various robot structures and their workspace.
- > To develop student's skills in performing spatial transformations associated with rigid body motions.
- > To develop student's skills in perform kinematics analysis of robot systems.
- To provide the student with knowledge of the singularity issues associated with the operation of robotic systems.
- > To provide the student with some knowledge and analysis skills associated with trajectory planning.
- > To provide the student with some knowledge and skills associated with robot control

# **Course Outcomes**

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- 1. Understand the subsystems like grippers, actuators etc for the robots
- 2. Analyze the Kinematics of the robotic system
- 3. Understand the concepts of inverse kinematics
- 4. Apply the concepts to determine the forces and control of robots
- 5. Understand the various sensors and controllers that can be utilized for robots

# UNIT-I

Brief History, Types of robots, Overview of robot subsystems, resolution, repeatability and accuracy,

Degrees of freedom of robots, Robot configurations and concept of workspace, Mechanisms and transmission, End effectors and Different types of grippers, vacuum and other methods of gripping. Pneumatic, hydraulic and electrical actuators, applications of robots, specifications of different industrial robots.

# UNIT-II

Rotation matrices, Euler angle and RPY representation, Homogeneous transformation matrices, DenavitHartenbergnotation, representation of absolute position and orientation in terms of joint parameters, direct kinematics.

# UNIT-III

Inverse Kinematics, inverse orientation, inverse locations, Singularities, Jacobian, Trajectory Planning: joint interpolation, task space interpolation, executing user specified tasks.

# UNIT-IV

Static force analysis of RP type and RR type planar robots, Dynamic analysis using Lagrangian and Newton-Euler formulations of RR and RP type planar robots, , Independent joint control, PD and PID feedback, actuator models, nonlinearity of manipulator models, Computed torque control, force control, hybrid control.

# UNIT-V

Sensors and controllers: Internal and external sensors, position, velocity and acceleration sensors, proximity sensors, force sensors, laser range finder. Robot vision: image processing fundamentals for robotic

applications, image acquisition and preprocessing. Segmentation and region characterization object recognition by image matching and based on features

- 1. Nagrath and Mittal, "Robotics and Control", Tata McGraw-Hill, 2003.
- 2. Spong and Vidhyasagar, "Robot Dynamics and Control", John Wiley and sons, 2008.
- 3. Fu. K.S, Gonzalez, R.C., Lee, C.S.G, Robotics, control, sensing, Vision and Intelligence, McGraw Hill International, 1987
- 4. Harry Asada &Slottine "Robot Analysis& Control", Wiley Publications, 2014
- 5. S K Saha, "introduction to Robotics ", 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, TMH, 2013

Course Code		Core/Elective					
PE 5127 CD			Elective				
Prerequisite	С	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits
Trerequisite	L	Т	D	Р		SEE	Credits
-	3	-	-	-	30	70	3
		1	1			1	1

#### **Course Objectives**

- > To learn the concepts relate to measurements
- > To study about the gauges and comparators
- To learn about measuring machines, thread measurement and forms of errors caused during surface measurement

# **Course Outcomes**

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- 1. Understand the measurement and calibration standards
- 2. Analyze the utility and application of gauges and comparators
- 3. Understand the concepts of measuring machines
- 4. Determine the form errors
- 5. Understand the details of measurement of different parameters of screw threads

# UNIT-I

End & line standards for length, Airy & Bessel points, desirable features of end standards, slip gauge manufacture, calibration of end standards by interferometry. NPL gauge interferometer, calibration of line standards by micrometer microscope – superposition, coincidence and symmetric straddling, photoelectric microscope and Moir fringe techniques, measurement of large displacements using lasers, calibration of Tomlinson gauges by interferometry. Photoelectric Autocollimator, calibration of polygons & circular scales. Types of interchangeability, dimensional chains.

# UNIT-II

Fixed & Indicating Gauges: Taylor's principles of gauge design, limitations of ring & plug gauges, position and receiver gauges, types of indicating gauges. Comparators: Multirange Sigma comparator, Back pressure and free flow type pneumatic comparators, Differential back pressure gauge, usage of different types of jets, contact &non contact tooling. Amplification selection. Air to electric transducer, Differential transducer, Variation transducer, Pre process, In-process & Post process gauging, computation & match gauging. Usage of LVDT & Capacitive type gauge heads, Automatic inspection.

# UNIT-III

Measuring Machines: Floating carriage diameter measuring m/c. Universal measuring m/c. Matrix internal diameter measuring machine. Optical dividing head. Coordinate measuring machine, Optical projector-light beam systems, Work tables, measurement techniques, fixturing& accessories. Sources of error in measurement. Design principles of measuring machines Abbe"s rule, Kelvin coupling, flexible steel strip, advantages & limitations of hydrostatic & aerostatic bearings.

# UNIT-IV

Form Errors: Evaluation of straightness & flatness, usage of beam comparator, evaluation of roundness – intrinsic & extrinsic datums. Talyrond. PGC, RGC, MZC & LSC, methods, roundness evaluation for even & odd number of lobes. Surface Finish: stylus instrument (TALYSURF). M & E Systems, numerical assessment, vertical & horizontal descriptors, profile as a random process, usage of interferograms. Plastic replica technique.
# UNIT-V

Screw Threads: Measurement of thread elements for internal & external threads, progressive periodic, drunkenness and irregular pitch errors. NPL pitch measuring machine, virtual effective diameter, thread gauging. Gears: measurement of tooth thickness, involute profile, pitch, concentricity and alignment, rolling gear test.

- 1. R.K.Jain, Engineering Metrology, Khanna Publishers
- 2. ASTME, Hand Book of Industrial Metrology, Prentice Hall of India Pvt Ltd.
- 3. I.C. Gupta, A Text Book of Engineering Metrology, DhanpatRai& Sons.

Course Code				Core/Elective			
PE 5128 CD		Co	Elective				
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits
ricicquisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	Credits
-	3	-	70	3			

### **Course Objectives**

- To introduce the concepts of control systems and develop the ability of formulating mathematical models and designing feedback control systems.
- > To provide students with the necessary tools to analyze feedback (linear) controls systems
- An ability to analyze, design, simulate, and experimentally validate linear and non linear control systems while taking into account practical limitations of operations.
- An understanding of negative and positive feedback systems and their application to circuit analysis and control system design
- An understanding of frequency compensation and its application to linear and nonlinear control system design

# **Course Outcomes**

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- 1. Apply mathematical modeling for different physical systems
- 2. Analyze the poles and zeros
- 3. Determine the state space methods
- 4. Analyze the non linear systems
- 5. Understand the stability of the various systems

# UNIT-I

Mathematical Modeling of physical systems, 1st, 2nd order and higher order systems, transient, steady state analysis, steady state errors, Performance Indices.

# UNIT-II

Poles, zeros, zero and pole placements, Routh"s criteria, Root locus Technique, Bode plots, Nyquist criterion, Compensation circuits

# UNIT-III

State space method, state transition matrix, canonical forms, Diagonalisation, solutions of homogeneous and non homogenous equations, zero and pole placement using state space techniques, controllability and observability, state controllability matrix, state observability matrix.

#### **UNIT-IV**

Non-Linear Systems Phase plane analysis: Phase portraits, Singular points characterization. Analysis of nonlinear systems using phase plane techniques, Existence of limit cycles.

# UNIT-V

Stability Analysis Concept of stability, Stability in the sense of Lyapunov and absolute stability, autonomous systems, the invariance principle, linear systems and linearization, non autonomous systems, linear time varying systems and linearization.

#### Suggested Reading:

1. K. Ogata, "Modern Control Engineering", Pearson India, 3rd Edition.

- 2. Norman Nise,"Control System Engineering", Prentice Hall India, Fourth Edition
- 3. Anand Kumar, "Control System Theory", Prentice Hall India.
- 4. M.Vidyasagar, "Nonlinear systems analysis", Second Edition, Prentice Hall, 1993
- 5. H.Khalil, "Nonlinear Systems", Macmillan Publishing Company, NY, 1992.
- 6. A.Isidori, "Nonlinear Control Systems" 3rd edition, Springer Verlag, London, 1995.
- 7. B.Brogliato, R. Lozano, B. Maschke, O. Egeland, "Dissipative Systems Analysis and Control", SpringerVerlag, London, 2nd edition, 2007.

Course Code			Core/Elective				
PE 5129 CD		Adv	Elective				
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits
Trerequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	Credits
-	3	-	3				

### **Course Objectives**

- > Provides the knowledge and practice regarding different Material & their behavior.
- > Gives hands on practice regarding Elastic, Plastic & Failure behaviour.
- > Gives knowledge for material selection and basic of Composite Materials.

### **Course Outcomes**

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- 1. Understand the elastic and plastic behavior of the material for which it is utilized.
- 2. Understand the Fracture Behavior of the materials.
- 3. Do selection of the material for which it is going to be utilized.
- 4. Identify applications of all kind of Industrial Materials.
- 5. Judge Metallurgical Effects on Materials.

# UNIT-I

**Elastic and Plastic Behavior:** Elasticity in metals and polymers - Mechanism of plastic deformation, role of dislocations, yield stress, shear strength of perfect and real crystals - Strengthening mechanisms, work hardening, solid solution hardening, grain boundary strengthening, poly phase mixture, precipitation, particle, fibre and dispersion strengthening. Effect of temperature, strain and strain rate on plastic behaviors - Super plasticity - Deformation of non crystalline material.

#### UNIT-II

**Fracture Behavior:** Griffith's theory, stress intensity factor and fracture toughness - Toughening mechanisms - Ductile, brittle transition in steel - High temperature fracture, creep - Larson-Miller parameter - Deformation and fracture mechanism maps - Fatigue, low and high cycle fatigue test, crack initiation and propagation mechanisms and Paris law - Effect of surface and metallurgical parameters on fatigue - Fracture of non metallic materials – Failure Analysis, sources of failure, procedure of failure analysis.

#### UNIT-III

**Selection of Materials:** Motivation for selection, cost basis and service requirements - Selection for mechanical properties, strength, toughness, fatigue and creep - Selection for surface durability corrosion and wear resistance – Relationship between materials selection and processing - Case studies in materials selection with relevance to aero, auto, marine, machinery and nuclear applications.

#### **UNIT-IV**

**Modern Metallic Materials:** Dual phase steels, Micro alloyed, High strength low alloy (HSLA), steel, Transformation induced plasticity (TRIP) steel, Maraging steel - Intermetallics, Ni and Ti aluminides - Smart materials, shape memory alloys - Metallic glass - Quasi crystal and nanocrystalline materials, bio materials.

#### UNIT-V

# Non Metallic Materials

**Composite materials:** Types, production techniques of each type, Production of fibers, properties mechanics of composites, manufacturing of metal matrix, Ceramic matrix composite, Carbon-Carbon composite-properties and testing of composite material, areas of application.

**Plastics, rubber, foams, adhesives and coatings** - Structure, properties and applications of engineering polymers.

Advanced structural ceramics: WC, TiC, TaC, AI<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, SiC, Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub>, CBN and diamond - properties, processing and applications.

- 1. Thomas H. Courtney, "Mechanical Behavior of Materials ", McGraw-Hill, 2000.
- 2. Charles J.A., Crane, F.A.A and Furness, J.A.G., "Selection and use of Engineering Materials", 3rd Edition, Butterworth-Heinemann, 1977.
- 3. Flinn, R.A. and Trojan, P.K., "Engineering Materials and their Applications ", (4th Edition), Jaico Publishing, 1999.
- 4. George E. Dieter, "Mechanical Metallurgy ", McGraw Hill, 1988.
- 5. Metals Hand Book, Vol.10, "Failure Analysis and Prevention", (10th Edition), 1994.
- 6. Willam D. Callister, Jr., "Material Science and Engineering: An introduction", John Wiley & Sons, Inc, 2003.
- 7. Willam F. Smith, "Principles of Materials Science and Engineering", 3rd edition, McGraw Hill, 2002.

Course Code			Core/Elective						
PE 5130 CD		Fa	Elective						
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits		
ricicquisite	L	Т	D	Р		SEE	Credits		
-	3	3 30 70							

#### **Course Objectives**

- > To explain the importance of Good design and various factors affecting it
- > To explain the importance of Ergonomics and Aesthetics in good design.
- > To understand the importance of various scientific methods available to solve problems arising from product initiation state to product delivery state.
- To understand the phenomenon & importance of Fracture, its determination by various methods also understand the effect of fatigue on crack propagation.

### **Course Outcomes**

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- 1. Understand the design fundamentals
- 2. Analyze the utility and application of different design methods
- 3. Understand the concepts of fracture mechanics
- 4. Understand the service failure analysis
- 5. Understand the concepts related to fatigue crack propagation

### UNIT-I

**DESIGN FUNDAMENTALS** Importance of design- The design process-Considerations of Good Design – Morphology of Design –Organization for design– Computer Aided Engineering –Concurrent Engineering – Product and process cycles –Market Identification – Competition Bench marking. Identification of customer needs- customer requirements- Product Design Specifications- Human Factors in Design – Ergonomics and Aesthetics.

# UNIT-II

**DESIGN FUNDAMENTALS** Importance of design- The design process-Considerations of Good Design – Morphology of Design –Organization for design– Computer Aided Engineering –Concurrent Engineering – Product and process cycles –Market Identification – Competition Bench marking. Identification of customer needs- customer requirements- Product Design Specifications- Human Factors in Design – Ergonomics and Aesthetics.

# UNIT-III

**FRACTURE MECHANICS**: Introduction, Modes of fracture failure Griffith Analysis, Energy release rate, Energy release rate of DCB specimen; Stress Intensity Factor: SIF's for edge and centre line crack, Fracture toughness, Elastic plastic analysis through J-integral method: Relevance and scope, Definition of J-integral, Path independence, stress strain relation, Strain Energy Release Rate Vs J-integral. Failure analysis and determination of stress patterns from plastic Flow observations – Dynamic loading– Fracture types in tension.

#### UNIT-IV

**APPLICATIONS OF FRACTURE MECHANICS** Introduction –Through cracks emanating from holes – Corner cracks at holes – Cracks approaching holes-Combined loading-Fatigue crack growth binder- Mixed mode loading-Fracture toughness of weld metals-Service failure analysis

# UNIT-V

**FATIGUE CRACK PROPOGATION**— Mechanism of fatigue crack initiation, propagation and growth, Fatigue data representation, Factors influencing Fatigue strength, Fatigue life prediction, prevention of fatigue failures, corrosion fatigue. Cumulative fatigue damage

- 1. Ibrahim Dieter, George E., —Engineering Design A Materials and Processing Approachl, McGraw Hill, International Editions, Singapore, 2000.
- 2. Pahl, G, and Beitz, W., Engineering Designl, Springer Verlag, NY. 1984.
- 3. David Broek, IElementary Engineering Fracture Mechanics —, Fifthoff and Noerdhoff International Publisher, 1978.
- 4. Prashant Kumar, -Elements of Fracture Mechanics, Wheeler Publishing, 1999
- 5. S T. Rolfe and J M Barsom, Fracture and Fatgue control in structure, Prentice Hall
- 6. KRY Simha, Fracture Mechanics for Modern Engineering Design, University Press

Course Code				Core/Elective			
MC 5121 ME		Reso	Mandatory Course				
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits
Trerequisite	L	Т	Credits				
-	3	-	3				

# **Course Objectives**

To make students to

- Motivate to choose research ascareer
- > Formulate the research problem, prepare the researchdesign
- > Identify various sources for literature review and data collection reportwriting
- > Equip with good methods to analyse the collecteddata
- ➢ Know about IPRcopyrights

# **Course Outcomes**

- 1. Define research problem, review and asses the quality of literature from varioussources
- 2. Improve the style and format of writing a report for technical paper/ Journal report, understand and develop various researchdesigns
- 3. Collect the data by various methods: observation, interview, questionnaires
- 4. Analyse problem by statistical techniques: ANOVA, F-test, Chi-square
- 5. Understand apply for patent and copyrights

# UNIT - I

**Research Methodology:** Objectives and Motivation of Research, Types of Research, research approaches, Significance of Research, Research Methods Verses Methodology, Research Process, Criteria of Good Research, Problems Encountered by Researchers in India, Benefits to the society in general. Defining the Research Problem: Selection of Research Problem, Necessity of Defining the Problem

# UNIT - II

Literature Survey and Report writing: Importance and purpose of Literature Survey, Sources of Information, Assessment of Quality of Journals and Articles, Need of Review, Guidelines for Review, Record of Research Review.

**Report writing:** Meaning of interpretation, layout of research report, Types of reports, Mechanism of writing a report. **Research ProposalPreparation**: Writing a Research Proposal and Research Report, Writing Research GrantProposal.

# UNIT - III

**Research Design:** Meaning of Research Design, Need of Research Design, Feature of a Good Design, Important Concepts Related to Research Design, Different Research Designs, Basic Principles of Experimental Design, Developing a Research Plan, Steps in sample design, types of sample designs. **UNIT - IV** 

**Data Collection and Analysis:** Methods of data collection, Data organization, Methods of data grouping, Diagrammatic representation of data, Graphic representation of data. Importance of Parametric, non-parametric test, testing of variance of two normal populations, use of Chi-square, ANOVA, F-test, z-test **UNIT - V** 

**Intellectual Property Rights:** Meaning, Nature, Classification and protection of Intellectual Property, The main forms of Intellectual Property, Concept of Patent, Patent document, Invention protection, Granting of patent, Rights of a patent, Licensing, Transfer of technology.

- 1. C.R Kothari, Research Methodology, Methods & Techniquel; New Age International Publishers, 2004
- 2. R. Ganesan, Research Methodology for Engineersl, MJP Publishers, 2011
- 3. Y.P. Agarwal, Statistical Methods: Concepts, Application and Computation<sup>II</sup>, Sterling Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2004
- 4. G.B. Reddy, Intellectual Property Rights and the Law 5th Ed. 2005 GogiaLaw Agency
- AjitParulekar and SaritaD'Souza, Indian Patents Law Legal & Business Implications, Macmillan India Ltd, 2006

Course Code			Core/Elective				
OE 9101 CE	(	Cost Man	Open Elective				
Prerequisite	С	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits
Flerequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	Credits
-	3	-	70	3			

#### **Course Objectives**

- > To apply modern software packages to conduct analysis of real worlddata.
- > To understand the technical underpinning of engineering economicanalysis.
- The ability to apply the appropriate analytical techniques to a widevariety of real world problems and data sets.
- > To summarize and present the analysis results in a clear and coherentmanner.

### **Course Outcomes**

- 1. Students should be able to learn the cost concepts in decision making
- 2. Student should be able to do cost planning and Marginal Costing
- 3. Students should be able to create a database for operational control and decision making.

### UNIT-I

**Introduction and Overview of the Strategic Cost Management Process:** Cost concepts in decisionmaking; Relevant cost, Differential cost, Incremental cost and Opportunity cost. Objectives of a Costing System; Inventory valuation; Creation of a Database for operational control; Provision of data for Decision-Making.

### UNIT-II

**Project:** meaning, Different types, why to manage, cost overruns centers, various stages of project execution: conception to commissioning. Project execution as conglomeration of technical and non-technical activities. Detailed Engineering activities. Pre project execution main clearances and documents Project team: Role of each member. Importance Project site: Data required with significance. Project contracts. Types and contents. Project execution Project cost control. Bar charts and Network diagram. Project commissioning: mechanical and process.

#### UNIT-III

**Cost Behavior and Profit Planning Marginal Costing:** Distinction between Marginal Costing and Absorption Costing; Break-even Analysis, Cost-Volume-Profit Analysis. Various decision-making problems. Standard Costing and Variance Analysis.

**Pricing strategies:** Pareto Analysis. Target costing, Life Cycle Costing. Costing of service sector. Just-intime approach, Material Requirement Planning, Enterprise Resource Planning, Total Quality Management and Theory of constraints.

# UNIT-IV

Activity-Based Cost Management: Bench Marking; Balanced Score Card and Value-Chain Analysis. Budgetary Control; Flexible Budgets; Performance budgets; Zero-based budgets. Measurement of Divisional profitability pricing decisions including transfer pricing.

#### UNIT-V

**Quantitative techniques for cost management:** Linear Programming, PERT/CPM, Transportation problems, Assignment problems, Simulation, Learning Curve Theory.

- 1. Cost Accounting A Managerial Emphasis, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
- 2. Charles T. Horngren and George Foster, Advanced Management Accounting
- 3. Robert S Kaplan Anthony A. Alkinson, Management & Cost Accounting

Course Code			Core/Elective						
OE 9102 CS			<b>Open Elective</b>						
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits		
rierequisite	L	Т	D	Р		SEE	Credits		
-	3	3 30 70							

### **Course Objectives**

- > Understand the role of business analytics within an organization
- Analyse data using statistical and data mining techniques and understand relationships between the underlying business processes of an organization
- To gain an understanding of how managers use business analytics to formulate and solve business problems and to support managerial decision making
- > To become familiar with processes needed to develop, report, and analyse business data
- Use decision-making tools/Operations research techniques
- Mange business process using analytical and management tools
- Analyse and solve problems from different industries such as manufacturing, service, retail, software, banking and finance, sports, pharmaceutical, aerospace etc.
- Student will able to understand the basic rules of research formulation and procedure for obtaining patent rights

# **Course Outcomes**

- 1. Students will demonstrate knowledge of data analytics
- 2. Students will demonstrate the ability of think critically in making decisions based on data and deep analytics
- 3. Students will demonstrate the ability to use technical skills in predicative and prescriptive modelling to support business decision-making
- 4. Students will demonstrate the ability to translate data into clear, actionable insights

# UNIT-I

**Business analytics**: Overview of Business analytics, Scope of Business analytics, Business Analytics Process, Relationship of Business Analytics Process and organization, competitive advantages of Business Analytics.

**Statistical Tools:** Statistical Notation, Descriptive Statistical methods, Review of probability distribution and data modelling, sampling and estimation methods overview.

# UNIT-II

**Trendiness and Regression Analysis**: Modelling Relationships and Trends in Data, simple Linear Regression.Important Resources, Business Analytics Personnel, Data and models for Business analytics, problem solving, Visualizing and Exploring Data, Business Analytics Technology.

# UNIT-III

**Organization Structures of Business analytics**, Team management, Management Issues, Designing Information Policy, Outsourcing, Ensuring Data Quality, measuring contribution of Business analytics, Managing Changes. Descriptive Analytics, predictive analytics, predicative Modelling, Predictive analytics analysis, Data Mining, Data Mining Methodologies, Prescriptive analytics and its step in the business analytics Process, Prescriptive Modelling, nonlinear Optimization.

#### UNIT-IV

**Forecasting Techniques**: Qualitative and Judgmental Forecasting, Statistical Forecasting Models, Forecasting Models for Stationary Time Series, Forecasting Models for Time Series with a Linear Trend, Forecasting Time Series with Seasonality, Regression Forecasting with Casual Variables, Selecting Appropriate Forecasting Models.

Monte Carlo Simulation and Risk Analysis: Monte Carle Simulation Using Analytic Solver Platform, New-Product Development Model, Newsvendor Model, Overbooking Model, Cash Budget Model.

#### UNIT-V

**Decision Analysis**: Formulating Decision Problems, Decision Strategies with the without 8 Outcome Probabilities, Decision Trees, The Value of Information, Utility and Decision Making.

Recent Trends in Embedded and collaborative business intelligence, Visual data 4 recovery, Data Storytelling and Data journalism.

- 1. Business analytics Principles, Concepts, and Applications by Marc J. Schniederjans, Dara G. Schniederjans, Christopher M. Starkey, Pearson FT Press.
- 2. Business Analytics by James Evans, persons Education.

Course Code			Core/Elective				
OE 9103 EC		E	Open Elective				
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits
rierequisite	L	Т	D	Р		SEE	Credits
-	3	-	70	3			

#### **Course Objectives**

- > Detailed overview of important concepts of Embedded system
- > Analyse PIC microcontroller, its features and programming
- > Describe ARM Microcontroller architectural details and instruction set
- Understand ARM Memory management
- > Learn the techniques to develop an embedded system and case studies

### **Course Outcomes**

After completing this course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Understand the fundamentals of the embedded system design
- 2. Enumerate the instruction set of ARM Processor by studying the architecture of ARM core
- 3. Acquire knowledge on the serial, parallel and network communication protocols.
- 4. Learn the embedded system design life cycle and co-design issues.
- 5. List the various embedded software development tools used in the design of embedded system for various applications.

### UNIT I

**Introduction to Embedded Systems:** Overview of Embedded System Architecture, Challenges& Trends of Embedded Systems, Hardware Architecture, Software Architecture. Application areas of Embedded Systems and Categories of Embedded Systems. Embedded System Design and Co-Design issues and Design Cycle Process

# UNIT II

**PIC 18:** Family Overview, Architecture, Instruction Set, Addressing modes. Timers, interrupts of PIC 18, Capture/Compare and PWM modules of PIC 18

# UNIT III

**ARM Architecture:** ARM Design Philosophy, Registers, Program Status Register, Instruction Pipeline, Interrupts and Vector Table, Architecture Revision, ARM Processor Families. Instruction Set: Data Processing Instructions, Addressing Modes, Branch, Load, Store Instructions, PSR Instructions, Conditional Instructions.

#### UNIT IV

**ARM Thumb Instruction Set:** Register Usage, Other Branch Instructions, DataProcessing Instruction Single-Register and Multi Register Load-Store Instructions, Stack, Software Interrupt Instructions. Exception and interrupt handling.

**ARM Memory Management:** Cache Architecture, Polices, Flushing and Caches, MMU, PageTables, Translation Access Permissions, Context Switch.

#### UNIT V

Embedded Software Development Tools, Host and Target Machines, Linkers/Locators forEmbedded Software, Getting Embedded Software into the Target System. Debugging Techniques.

**Case Studies:** Design of Embedded Systems using Microcontrollers-for applications in the area of communications and automotives. (GSM/GPRS, CAN, Zigbee)

- 1. Raj Kamal, Embedded Systems Architecture, Programming and Design, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, TMH, 2008.
- 2. Andrew N. Sloss, Dominic Symes, Chris Wright, ARM Systems Developer's Guides Designing & Optimizing System Software, Elsevier, 2008.
- 3. Mazidi, MCKinlay and Danny Causey, PIC Microcontrollers and Embedded Systems, Pearson Education, 2007
- 4. David.E. Simon, An Embedded Software Primer, 1st Edition, Pearson Education, 1999
- 5. Jonathan W. Valvano, Embedded Microcomputer Systems, Real Time Interfacing, Thomas Learning, 1999.

Course Code			Core/Elective							
OE 9104 EE			Open Elective							
Prerequisite	C	ontact Ho	urs per We	eek	CIE	SEE	Credits			
Fielequisite	L	Т	D	Р		SEE	Credits			
-	3	-	-	-	30	70	3			
Course Objectives ➤ To enable students to aware about the generation of energy from the waste.										

### **Course Outcomes**

- 1. Students should able to learn the Classification of waste as a fuel.
- 2. Students should able to learn the Manufacture of charcoal.
- 3. Students should able to carry out the designing of gasifiers and biomass stoves.
- 4. Student should able to learn the Biogas plant technology.

### UNIT-I

**Introduction to Energy from Waste:** Classification of waste as fuel – Agro based, Forest residue, Industrial waste - MSW – Conversion devices – Incinerators, gasifiers, digestors. Biomass Pyrolysis: Pyrolysis – Types, slow fast – Manufacture of charcoal – Methods - Yields and application – Manufacture of pyrolytic oils and gases, yields and applications.

# UNIT-II

**Biomass Gasification:**Gasifiers – Fixed bed system – Downdraft and updraft gasifiers – Fluidized bed gasifiers – Design, construction and operation – Gasifier burner arrangement for thermal heating – Gasifier engine arrangement and electrical power – Equilibrium and kinetic consideration in gasifier operation.

# UNIT-III

**Biomass Combustion:** Biomass stoves – Improved chullahs, types, some exotic designs, fixed bed combustors, Types, inclined grate combustors, Fluidized bed combustors, Design, construction and operation - Operation of all the above biomass combustors.

# UNIT-IV

**Biogas:** Properties of biogas (Calorific value and composition) - Biogas plant technology and status - Bio energy system - Design and constructional features - Biomass resources and their classification - Biomass conversion processes - Thermo chemical conversion - Direct combustion - biomass gasification - pyrolysis and liquefaction

### UNIT-V

**Biochemical conversion:** Anaerobic digestion - Types of biogas Plants – Applications - Alcohol production from biomass - Bio diesel production - Urban waste to energy conversion - Biomass energy programme in India.

- 1. Non-Conventional Energy, Desai, Ashok V., Wiley Eastern Ltd., 1990.
- 2. Biogas Technology A Practical Hand Book, Khandelwal, K. C. and Mahdi, S. S., Vol. I & II, TataMcGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd., 1983.
- 3. Food, Feed and Fuel from Biomass, Challal, D. S., IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., 1991.
- 4. Biomass Conversion and Technology, C. Y. WereKo-Brobby and E. B. Hagan, John Wiley & Sons, 1996.

Course Code			Core/Elective						
OE 9105 ME			Open Elective						
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits		
rierequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	Credits		
-	3	3 30 70							

#### **Course Objectives**

- > Causes for industrial accidents and preventive steps to betaken.
- > Fundamental concepts of MaintenanceEngineering.
- > About wear and corrosion along with preventive steps to betaken
- > The basic concepts and importance of faulttracing.
- The steps involved in carrying out periodic and preventive maintenance of various equipments used in industry

### **Course Outcomes**

After completing this course, the student will be equipped with:

- 1. concepts of engineering systems safety
- 2. Identify the causes for industrial accidents and suggest preventivemeasures.
- 3. Identify the basic tools and requirements of different maintenanceprocedures.
- 4. Apply different techniques to reduce and prevent Wear and corrosion inIndustry.
- 5. Identify different types of faults present in various equipments like machine tools, IC Engines, boilers etc.
- 6. Apply periodic and preventive maintenance techniques as required for industrial equipments like motors, pumps and air compressors and machine toolsetc.

# UNIT-I

**Industrial safety**: Accident, causes, types, results and control, mechanical and electrical hazards, types, causes and preventive steps/procedure, describe salient points of factories act 1948 for health and safety, wash rooms, drinking water layouts, light, cleanliness, fire, guarding, pressure vessels, etc., Safety colour codes. Fire prevention and firefighting, equipment and methods.

# UNIT-II

**Fundamentals of maintenance engineering**: Definition and aim of maintenance engineering, Primary and secondary functions and responsibility of maintenance department, Types of maintenance, Types and applications of tools used for maintenance, Maintenance cost & its relation with replacement economy, Service life of equipment.

# UNIT-III

Wear and Corrosion and their prevention: Wear- types, causes, effects, wear reduction methods, lubricants-types and applications, Lubrication methods, general sketch, working and applications, i. Screw down grease cup, ii. Pressure grease gun, iii. Splash lubrication, iv. Gravity lubrication, v. Wick feed lubrication vi. Side feed lubrication, vii. Ring lubrication, Definition, principle and factors affecting the corrosion. Types of corrosion, corrosion prevention methods.

#### UNIT-IV

**Fault tracing**: Fault tracing-concept and importance, decision tree concept, need and applications, sequence of fault finding activities, show as decision tree, draw decision tree for problems in machine tools, hydraulic, pneumatic, automotive, thermal and electrical equipment's like, I. Any one machine tool, ii. Pump iii. Air

compressor, iv. Internal combustion engine, v. Boiler, vi. Electrical motors, Types of faults in machine tools and their general causes.

### UNIT-V

**Periodic and preventive maintenance:** Periodic inspection-concept and need, degreasing, cleaning and repairing schemes, overhauling of mechanical components, overhauling of electrical motor, common troubles and remedies of electric motor, repair complexities and its use, definition, need, steps and advantages of preventive maintenance. Steps/procedure for periodic and preventive maintenance of: I. Machine tools, ii. Pumps, iii. Air compressors, iv. Diesel generating (DG) sets, Program and schedule of preventive maintenance of mechanical and electrical equipment, advantages of preventive maintenance. Repair cycle concept and importance.

- 1. Maintenance Engineering Handbook, Higgins & Morrow, Da Information Services.
- 2. Maintenance Engineering, H. P. Garg, S. Chand and Company.
- 3. Pump-hydraulic Compressors, Audels, McGraw Hill Publication
- 4. Foundation Engineering Handbook, Winterkorn, Hans, Chapman & Hall London

Course Code			Core/Elective				
AD 9001 HS		Englis	Audit I				
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits
Flerequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	Credits
-	2	-	-	70	-		

#### **Course Objectives**

- > Understand that how to improve your writing skills and level ofreadability
- > Understand the nuances of language and vocabulary in writing a ResearchPaper.
- > Develop the content, structure and format of writing a researchpaper.
- Produce original research papers withoutplagiarism

### **Course Outcomes**

After completing this course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Interpret the nuances of research paperwriting.
- 2. Differentiate the research paper format and citation of sources.
- 3. To review the research papers and articles in a scientificmanner.
- 4. Avoid plagiarism and be able to develop their writing skills in presenting theresearch work.
- 5. Create a research paper and acquire the knowledge of how and where to publish their original research papers.

### UNIT - I

Academic Writing: Meaning & Definition of a research paper– Purpose of a research paper – Scope – Benefits, Limitations – outcomes.

#### UNIT - II

**Research Paper Format:** Title – Abstract – Introduction – Discussion – Findings, Conclusion – Style of Indentation – Font size/Font types – Indexing – Citation of sources.

#### UNIT - III

**Research Methodology:** Methods (Qualitative – Quantitative) Review of Literature. Criticizing, Paraphrasing & Plagiarism.

#### UNIT - IV

**Process of Writing a research paper:** Choosing a topic - Thesis Statement – Outline – Organizing notes - Language of Research – Word order, Paragraphs – Writing first draft –Revising/Editing - The final draft and proof reading.

#### UNIT - V

**Research Paper Publication:** Reputed Journals – National/International – ISSN No, No. of volumes, Scopus Index/UGC Journals – Free publications - Paid Journal publications – Advantages/Benefits

**Presentation Skills:** Developing Persuasive Presentations, Structure of Presentation, Presentation Slides, Presentation Delivery, role of the audience, what to search and cite, how to establish credibility.

- 1. C. R Kothari, Gaurav, Garg, —Research Methodology Methods and Techniquesl, 4/e, New Age International Publishers.
- 2. Day R, -How to Write and Publish a Scientific Paper", Cambridge University Press, 2006
- 3. MLA Hand book for writers of Research Papersl, 7/e, East West Press Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi
- 4. LauriRozakis, Schaum's, Quick Guide to Writing Great Research Papersl, Tata McGraw Hills Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.

Course Code			Core/Elective						
AD 9002 CE			Audit I						
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits		
Flerequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	Credits		
-	2	2 30 70							

### **Course Objectives**

- To impart knowledge in students about the nature, causes, consequences and mitigation measures of the various naturaldisasters
- To enable the students to understand risks, vulnerabilities and human errors associated with human induced disasters
- To enable the students to understand and assimilate the impacts of any disaster on the affected area depending on its position/ location, environmental conditions, demographic,etc.

### **Course Outcomes**

- 1. Learn to demonstrate a critical understanding of key concepts in disaster risk reduction
- 2. and humanitarian response.
- 3. Critically evaluate disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response policy and Practice from multiple perspectives.
- 4. Develop an understanding of standards of humanitarian response and practical relevance in specific types of disasters and conflict situations.
- 5. Critically understand the strengths and weaknesses of disaster management approaches, planning and programming in different countries, particularly their home country or the countries they work in.

# UNIT-I

**Introduction:** Disaster: Definition, Factors and Significance; Difference between Hazard and Disaster; Natural and Manmade Disasters: Difference, Nature, Types and Magnitude.

# UNIT-II

**Repercussions of Disasters and Hazards**: Economic Damage, Loss of Human and Animal Life, Destruction of Ecosystem.

**Natural Disasters:** Earthquakes, Volcanisms, Cyclones, Tsunamis, Floods, Droughts and Famines, Landslides and Avalanches, Man-made disaster: Nuclear Reactor Meltdown, Industrial Accidents, Oil Slicks and Spills, Outbreaks of Disease and Epidemics, War and Conflicts.

# UNIT-III

**Disasters Prone Areas in India:** Study of Seismic Zones; Areas Prone to Floods and Droughts, Landslides and Avalanches; Areas Prone to Cyclonic and Coastal Hazards with Special Reference to Tsunami; Post-Disaster Diseases and Epidemics

# UNIT-IV

**Disaster Preparedness:** Monitoring of Phenomena Triggering a Disaster or Hazard; Evaluation of Risk: Application of Remote Sensing, Data from Meteorological and Other Agencies, Media Reports: Governmental and Community Preparedness.

# UNIT-IV

Disaster Risk: Concept and Elements, Disaster Risk Reduction, Global and National Disaster Risk Situation. Techniques of Risk Assessment, Global Co-Operation in Risk Assessment and Warning,

People's Participation in Risk Assessment. Strategies for Survival. Meaning, Concept and Strategies of Disaster Mitigation, Emerging Trends in Mitigation. Structural Mitigation and Non-Structural Mitigation, Programs of Disaster Mitigation in India.

- 1. R. Nishith, Singh AK, "Disaster Management in India: Perspectives, issues and strategies", New Royal Book Company.
- 2. Sahni, Pardeep (Eds.), "Disaster Mitigation Experiences and Reflections", PHI, New Delhi.
- 3. Goel S. L., "Disaster Administration and Management Text and Case Studies", Deep & Deep Publication Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.

Course Code			Core/Elective				
AD 9003 HS		Sansl	Audit I				
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits
ricicquisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	Credits
-	2	-	-				

#### **Course Objectives**

- > To get a working knowledge in illustrious Sanskrit, the scientific language in the world
- > To make the novice Learn the Sanskrit to develop the logic in mathematics, science & othersubjects
- > To explore the huge knowledge from ancient Indianliterature

### **Course Outcomes**

- 1. Develop passion towards Sanskrit language
- 2. Decipher the latent engineering principles from Sanskritliterature
- 3. Correlates the technological concepts with the ancient Sanskrithistory.
- 4. Develop knowledge for the technological progress
- 5. Explore the avenue for research in engineering with aid ofSanskrit

### UNIT-I

**Introduction to Sanskrit Language:** Sanskrit Alphabets-vowels-consonants- significance of Amarakosaparts of Speech-Morphology-creation of new words-significance of synonyms-sandhi-samasa-sutras-active and passive Voice-Past/Present/Future Tense-Syntax-Simple Sentences (elementary treatmentonly)

### UNIT-II

**Role of Sanskrit in Basic Sciences:**Brahmagupthas lemmas (second degree indeterminate equations), sum of squares of n-terms of AP- sulba, sutram or baudhayana theorem (origination of Pythagoras theorem)-value of pie-Madhava's sine and cosine theory (origination of Taylor's series).

The measurement system-time-mass-length-temp, Matter elasticity-optics-speed of light (origination of Michaelson and Morley theory).

# UNIT-III

# Role of Sanskrit in Engineering-I (Civil, Mechanical, Electrical and Electronics Engineering):

Building construction-soil testing-mortar-town planning-Machine definition-crucible-furnace-air blower-Generation of electricity in a cell-magnetism-Solar system-Sun: The source of energy, the earth-Pingalachandasutram (origination of digital logic system)

# UNIT-IV

**Role of Sanskrit in Engineering-II (Computer Science Engineering & Information Technology):** Computer languages and the Sanskrit languages-computer command words and the vedic command wordsanalogy of pramana in memamsa with operators in computer language-sanskrit analogy of physical sequence and logical sequence, programming.

# UNIT-V

Role of Sanskrit in Engineering-III (Bio-technology and Chemical Engineering): Classification of plants- plants, the living-plants have senses-classification of living creatures, Chemical laboratory location and layout- equipment-distillation vessel-kosthiyanthram

- 1. M Krishnamachariar, History of Classical Sanskrit Literature, TTD Press, 1937.
- 2. <u>M.R. Kale, A Higher Sanskrit Grammar: For the Use of School and College Students,</u> <u>MotilalBanarsidass Publishers, 2015.</u>
- 3. Kapail Kapoor, Language, Linguistics and Literature: The Indian Perspective, ISBN- 10: 8171880649, 1994.
- 4. Pride of India, SamskritaBharati Publisher, ISBN: 81-87276 27-4, 2007.
- 5. Shri RamaVerma, Vedas the source of ultimate science, Nag publishers, 2005.

Course Code				Core/Elective			
AD 9004 HS			Audit I				
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits
riciequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	
-	2	-	-	-	30	70	-

### **Course Objectives**

- > Understand the need and importance of Values for self-development and for Nationaldevelopment.
- Imbibe good human values andMorals
- > Cultivate individual and National character.

### **Course Outcomes**

After completion of the course, students will be able to:

- 1. Gain necessary Knowledge for self-development
- 2. Learn the importance of Human values and their application in day to day professionallife.
- 3. Appreciate the need and importance of interpersonal skills for successful career and sociallife
- 4. Emphasize the role of personal and social responsibility of an individual for all-roundgrowth.
- 5. Develop a perspective based on spiritual outlook and respect women, other religious practices, equality, non-violence and universalbrotherhood.

### UNIT-I

**Human Values, Ethics and Morals:** Concept of Values, Indian concept of humanism, human values; Values for self-development, Social values, individual attitudes; Work ethics, moral and non-moral behaviour, standards and principles based on religion, culture and tradition.

#### UNIT-II

**Value Cultivation, and Self-management:** Need and Importance of cultivation of values such as Sense-of Duty, Devotion to work, Self-reliance, Confidence, Concentration, Integrity & discipline, and Truthfulness.

# UNIT-III

**Spiritual outlook and social values:** Personality and Behavior, Scientific attitude and Spiritual (soul) outlook; Cultivation of Social Values Such as Positive Thinking, Punctuality, Love & Kindness, avoiding fault finding in others, Reduction of anger, forgiveness, Dignity of labour, True friendship, Universal brotherhood and religioustolerance.

# UNIT-IV

**Values in Holy Books:** Self-management and Good health; internal & external cleanliness, Holy books versus Blind faith, Character and Competence, Equality, Nonviolence, Humility, Role of Women.

#### UNIT-V

**Dharma, Karma and Guna:** Concept of soul; Science of Reincarnation, Character and Conduct, Concept of Dharma; Cause and Effect based Karma Theory; The qualities of Devine and Devilish; Satwic, Rajasic and Tamasicgunas.

- 1. Chakroborty,S.K., Values & Ethics fororganizations Theory and practicel,Oxford University Press, New Delhi,1998.
- 2. Jaya DayalGoyandaka, Srimad Bhagavad Gita with Sanskrit Text, Word Meaning and Prose Meaning, Gita Press, Gorakhpur,2017.

Course Code				Core/Elective			
AD 9011 HS	Co	onstitutio	Audit II				
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits
Trerequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIL	SEL	Credits
-	2	-	-	-	30	70	-

### **Course Objectives**

Understand the premises informing the twin themes of liberty and freedom from a civil rights perspective and to address the growth of Indian opinion regarding modern Indian intellectuals' constitutional role and entitlement to civil and economic rights as well as the emergence of nationhood in the early years of Indian nationalism.

# **Course Outcomes**

- 1. Discuss the growth of the demand for civil rights in India for the bulk of Indians before the arrival of Gandhi in Indian politics.
- 2. Discuss the intellectual origins of the framework of argument that informed the conceptualization of social reforms leading to revolution in India.
- 3. Discuss the circumstances surrounding the foundation of the Congress Socialist Party [CSP] under the leadership of Jawaharlal Nehru and the eventual failure of the proposal of direct elections through adult suffrage in the Indian Constitution.
- 4. Discuss the passage of the Hindu Code Bill of 1956.

# UNIT-I

**History of Making of the Indian Constitution**: History, Drafting Committee, (Composition & Working) Philosophy of the Indian Constitution: Preamble, Salient Features.

# UNIT-II

**Contours of Constitutional Rights & Duties**: Fundamental Rights, Right to Equality, Right to Freedom, Right against Exploitation, Right to Freedom of Religion, Cultural and Educational Rights, Right to Constitutional Remedies, Directive Principles of State Policy, Fundamental Duties.

# UNIT-III

**Organs of Governance**: Parliament, Composition, Qualifications and Disqualifications, Powers and Functions, Executive, President, Governor, Council of Ministers, Judiciary, Appointment and Transfer of Judges, Qualifications. Powers and Functions.

# UNIT-IV

**Local Administration**: District's Administration head: Role and Importance, Municipalities: Introduction, Mayor and role of Elected Representative CEO of Municipal Corporation, Panchayat raj: Introduction, PRI: ZillaPanchayat, Elected officials and their roles, CEO ZillaPanchayat: Position and role. Block level: Organizational Hierarchy (Different departments), Village level: Role of Elected and Appointed officials, Importance of grass root democracy.

# UNIT-V

**Election Commission**: Election Commission: Role and Functioning. Chief Election Commissioner and Election Commissioners. State Election Commission: Role and Functioning. Institute and Bodies for the welfare of SC/ST/OBC and women.

- 1. The Constitution of India, 1950 (Bare Act), Government Publication.
- 2. Dr. S. N. Busi, Dr. B. R. Ambedkar framing of Indian Constitution, 1st Edition, 2015.
- 3. M. P. Jain, Indian Constitution Law, 7th Edn., Lexis Nexis, 2014.
- 4. D.D. Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Lexis Nexis, 2015.

Course Code				Core/Elective				
AD 9012 HS			Audit II					
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits	
rierequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	Credits	
-	2	-	-	-	30	70	-	

### **Course Objectives**

- > To present the basic concepts of design and policies of pedagogystudies.
- > To provide understanding of the abilities and dispositions with regard to teaching techniques, curriculum design and assessmentpractices.
- > To familiarize various theories of learning and their connection to teachingpractice.
- > To create awareness about the practices followed by DFID, other agencies and otherresearchers.
- > To provide understanding of critical evidence gaps that guides the professional development

### **Course Outcomes**

- 1. Illustrate the pedagogical practices followed by teachers in developing countries both in formal and informal classrooms.
- 2. Examine the effectiveness of pedagogical practices.
- 3. Understand the concept, characteristics and types of educational research and perspectives ofresearch.
- 4. Describe the role of classroom practices, curriculum and barriers tolearning.
- 5. Understand Research gaps and learn the future directions.

### UNIT-I

**Introduction and Methodology:** Aims and rationale, Policy background, Conceptual framework and terminology - Theories of learning, Curriculum, Teacher education - Conceptual framework, Research questions, Overview of methodology and Searching.

# UNIT-II

**Thematic Overview:** Pedagogical practices followed by teachers in formal and informal classrooms in developing countries - Curriculum, Teacher education

# UNIT-III

**Evidence on the Effectiveness of Pedagogical Practices:** Methodology for the in depth stage: quality assessment of included studies - How can teacher education (curriculum and Practicum) and the school curriculum and guidance material best support effective pedagogy? - Theory of change - Strength and nature of the body of evidence for effective pedagogical practices - Pedagogic theory and pedagogical approaches – Teachers attitudes and beliefs and pedagogic strategies.

#### **UNIT-IV**

**Professional Development:** alignment with classroom practices and follow up support - Support from the head teacher and the community – Curriculum and assessment - Barriers to learning: Limited resources and large class sizes.

#### UNIT-V

**Research Gaps and Future Directions:** Research design – Contexts – Pedagogy - Teacher education - Curriculum and assessment – Dissemination and research impact.

- 1. Ackers J, Hardman F, Classroom Interaction in Kenyan Primary Schools, Comparell, 31 (2): 245 261, 2001.
- 2. Agarwal M, Curricular Reform in Schools: The importance of evaluation, Journal of Curriculum Studies, 36 (3): 361 379, 2004.
- 3. Akyeampong K, Teacher Training in Ghana does it count? Multisite teacher education research project (MUSTER), Country Report 1. London: DFID, 2003.
- 4. Akyeampong K, Lussier K, Pryor J, Westbrook J, Improving teaching and learning of Basic Maths and Reading in Africa: Does teacher Preparation count? International Journal Educational Development, 33 (3): 272-282, 2013.
- 5. Alexander R J, Culture and Pedagogy: International Comparisons in Primary Education, Oxford and Boston: Blackwell, 2001.
- 6. Chavan M, Read India: A mass scale, rapid, learning to read campaign, 2003.

Course Code			Core/Elective					
AD 9013 HS		Sti	Audit II					
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits	
rierequisite	L	Т	D	Р		SEE	Credits	
-	2	-	-	-	30	70	-	

# **Course Objectives**

The Course will introduce the students to

- > Creating awareness about different types of stress and the role of yoga in the management ofstress.
- > Promotion of positive health and overall wellbeing (Physical, mental, emotional, social and spiritual).
- > Prevention of stress related health problems by yogapractice.

### **Course Outcomes**

After successful completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Understand yoga and itsbenefits.
- 2. Enhance Physical strength and flexibility.
- 3. Learn to relax and focus.
- 4. Relieve physical and mental tension throughasanas.
- 5. Improve work performance and efficiency.

### UNIT - I

Meaning and Definition of Yoga - Historical perspective of Yoga - Principles of Astanga Yoga by Patanjali.

#### UNIT - II

**Meaning and Definition of Stress** - Types of stress - Eustress and Distress. Anticipatory Anxiety and Intense Anxiety and depression. Meaning of Management- Stress Management.

# UNIT - III

**Concept of Stress According to Yoga -** Stress assessment methods - Role of Asana, Pranayama and Meditation in the management of stress

#### UNIT - IV

Asanas - (5 Asanas in each posture) - Warm up - Standing Asanas - Sitting Asanas - Prone Asanas - Supine asanas - Surya Namaskar.

### UNIT - V

**Pranayama** - Anulom and Vilom Pranayama - Nadishudhi Pranayama - Kapalabhati Pranayama - Bhramari Pranayama - Nadanusandhana Pranayama.

**Meditation Techniques:** Om Meditation - Cyclic meditation: Instant Relaxation technique (QRT), Quick Relaxation Technique (QRT), Deep Relaxation Technique (DRT)

- 1. "Yogic Asanas for Group Training Part-I", Janardhan Swami Yogabhyasi Mandal, Nagpur.
- 2. Swami Vivekananda, "Rajayoga or Conquering the Internal Nature", AdvaitaAshrama (Publication Department), Kolkata.
- 3. Nagendra H.R and Nagaratna R, "Yoga Perspective in Stress Management", Swami Vivekananda Yoga Prakashan, Bangalore.

Course Code				Core/Elective				
AD 9014 HS	Person	ality Dev	ghtenment	Audit II				
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits	
Trefequisite	L	Т	D	Р				
-	2	2 30 70						
Course Objectives		1 • 1 /	11 .1		1	1 1		

- > To learn to achieve the highest goal happily
- > To become a person with stable mind, pleasing personality and determination
- To awaken wisdom in students

# **Course Outcomes**

- 1. Develop their personality and achieve their highest goal oflife.
- 2. Lead the nation and mankind to peace and prosperity.
- 3. Practice emotional self-regulation.
- 4. Develop a positive approach to work andduties.
- 5. Develop a versatilepersonality.

# UNIT - I

**Neetisatakam – Holistic Development of Personality -** Verses 19, 20, 21, 22 (Wisdom) - Verses 29, 31, 32 (Pride and Heroism) - Verses 26,28,63,65 (Virtue)

# UNIT - II

**Neetisatakam – Holistic Development of Personality (cont'd)** - Verses 52, 53, 59 (don'ts) - Verses 71,73,75& 78 (do's) - Approach to day to day works and duties.

# UNIT - III

Introduction to Bhagavadgeetha for Personality Development - ShrimadBhagavadgeetha: Chapter 2 – Verses 41, 47, 48 - Chapter 3 – Verses 13,21,27,35 - Chapter 6 – Verses 5,13,17,23,35 - Chapter 18 – Verses 45, 46, 48 Chapter – 6: Verses 5, 13, 17, 23, 35; Chapter – 18: Verses 45, 46, 48

# UNIT - IV

**Statements of Basic Knowledge - ShrimadBhagavadgeetha**: Chapter 2- Verses 56, 62,68 - Chapter 12 – Verses 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18 - Personality of Role model from ShrimadBhagawatGeeta.

# UNIT - V

**Role of Bhagavadgeetha in the Present Scenario -** Chapter 2 – Verses 17 - Chapter 3 – Verses 36, 37, 42 - Chapter 4 – Verses 18, 38, 39 - Chapter 18 – Verses 37, 38, 63.

# Suggested Readings:

- 1. Srimad Bhagavad Gita, Swami SwarupanandaAdvaita Ashram (Publication Department), Kolkata
- 2. Bhartrihari's Three Satakam(Niti-sringar-vairagya), P.Gopinath, Rashtriya Sanskrit Sansthanam, New Delhi

Online Resources: NTPEL: http://nptel.ac.in/downloads/109104115/

Course Code				Core/Elective					
PC 5151 CD		Advanced CAD Lab							
Proroquisito	C	ontact Hou	urs per We	Credits					
Prerequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	Credits		
-	-	-	-	2	25	50	1		
<b>Course Outcomes</b>									
At the end of this co	ourse, stude	ents will b	e able to						
1. Execute sur	face mode	ling							
2. Execute sheet metal modeling									
3 Execute sol	id modelin	σ							

- 3. Execute solid modeling
- 4. Understand the concepts of production drawing and execute it using CAD software

### List of Exercises:

- 1. Understand the various commands related to surface modeling
- 2. Create 2/3 components of using the surface modeling commands
- 3. Understand the various commands related to sheet metal modeling
- 4. Create components using sheet metal modelling and understand the significance of sheet metal components
- 5. Introduction to solid modeling various commands
- 6. Creation of various parts of 2 or 3 components
- 7. Assembling of part models using constraints, part modifications, adding another assembly features display
- 8. Creation of engineering drawing details such as dimensioning, sectional views, adding esthetics

Course Code				Core/Elective			
PC5152 CD		C		Core			
Prerequisite	Co	ontact Hou	irs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits
Fielequisite	L	Т	D	Р			Creans
-	-	-	-	2	25	50	1
Course Outcomes							
At the end of this co	ourse, stude	ents will be	e able to				
1. Carry out C	NC progra	mming on	Lathe ope	erations			
2. Carry out C	NC progra	mming on	Milling o	perations			

3. Execute the PLC programming for various applications

# List of Exercises:

Understanding of CNC Machines and CNC Programming and Creation of

- 1. Facing, turning, step turning, taper turning, contouring etc. on CNC lathe machine.
- 2. Pocketing and contouring on CNC milling machine.
- 3. Simulation and development of NC code using any CAM software.
- 4. Programming for integration of various CNC machines, robots and material handling systems.
- 5. Implementation of Logic gates(AND, OR, XOR, NAND) using PLC
- 6. Implementation of Stepper motor control using PLC.
- 7. PLC program to Latch and Unlatch output with time delay
- 8. PLC program to drive motors simultaneously with interlocking

			Core/Elective			
			Core			
Co	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits
L	Т	D	Р			
-	-	-	2	25	50	1
he stiffnes	s and load	ing matric	es for vari	ous applicatio	ns	
	L - urse, stude	L T  urse, students will be he stiffness and load	Computies      Contact Hours per We      L    T    D      -    -    -      urse, students will be able to    -    -	Computational    Contact Hours per Week    L  T  D  P    -  -  -  2    urse, students will be able to	L  T  D  P    -  -  -  2  25	Computational LabContact Hours per WeekCIESEELTDPCIESEE22550

- Carry out structural analysis of various components
  Determine the bending and deflection in components
- \_\_\_\_\_

# List of Exercises:

- 1. To determine the stiffness matrix and loading matrices in Beams
- 2. To determine the B matrix, loading matrices in plane
- 3. Introduction to Finite Element Analysis Software.
- 4. Static analysis of a corner bracket.
- 5. Statically indeterminate reaction force analysis. (Truss/bar element-basic)
- 6. Determination of Beam stresses and Deflection. (Cantilever and Simply supported beams)
- 7. Bending of a circular plate using axisymmetric shell element
- 8. Stress analysis using plane stress and plane strain

Course Code				Core/Elective			
PC 5154 CD				Core			
Proroquisito	C	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits
Prerequisite	L	Т	D	Р			
-	-	-	-	2	25	50	1
Course Outcomes At the end of this co 1. Carry out the	-		e able to				

- 2. Execute the buckling analysis
- 3. Determine the contact and coupled field analysis
- 4. Execute CFD analysis
- 5. Demonstration the utility of advanced software's for Casting and additive manufacturing

#### List of Exercises:

- 1. Modal analysis of beams, plates and shells for natural frequencies and mode shapes
- 2. Steady state heat transfer Analysis
- 3. Buckling analysis of plates, shells and beams to estimate BF and modes
- 4. CFD analysis of aerofoil design
- 5. Coupled field analysis problem
- 6. Contact Analysis problem
- 7. Analysis of Solidification of casting
- 8. Additive manufacturing

Course Code				Core/Elective						
PC 1155 CD		N	Core							
Proraquisita	C	ontact Hou	urs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits			
Prerequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE				
-	-	-	2							
<b>Course Outcomes</b>	1		1							
1. Formulate a	specific p	oroblem an	d givesolu	tion						
2. Develop mo	del/model	ls either th	eoretical/p	ractical/nu	imerical form					
3. Solve, inter	pret/correl	ate the res	ults anddis	cussions						
4. Conclude th	e resultso	btained								
5. Write the do	5. Write the documentation in standardformat									

#### **Guidelines:**

- As part of the curriculum in the II- semester of the programme each student shall do a mini project, generally comprising about three to four weeks of prior reading, twelve weeks of active research, and finally a presentation of their work forassessment.
- Each student will be allotted to a faculty supervisor for mentoring.
- Mini projects should present students with an accessible challenge on which to demonstrate competence in research techniques, plus the opportunity to contribute something moreoriginal.
- Mini projects shall have inter-disciplinary/ industryrelevance.
- The students can select a mathematical modeling based/Experimental investigations or Numerical modeling
- All the investigations should be clearly stated and documented with thereasons/explanations.
- The mini-project shall contain a clear statement of the research objectives, background of work, literature review, techniques used, prospective deliverables, and detailed discussion on results, conclusions and reference

Guidelines for awarding mark	s in CIE (Continu	ous Internal Evaluation): Max. Marks: 50
Evaluation by	Max. Marks	Evaluation Criteria / Parameter
Supervisor	20	Progress and Review
Supervisor	05	Report
	05	Relevance of the Topic
	05	PPT Preparation
Departmental Committee	05	Presentation
	05	Question and Answers
	05	Report Preparation

# Departmental committee: Supervisor and a minimum of two faculty members

Course Code				Core/Elective			
PC 1156 CD			Core				
Prerequisite	C	ontact Hou	ırs per We	ek	CIE	SEE	Credits
rierequisite	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	Credits
-	-	-	-	20	100	-	10

### **Course Outcomes**

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- 1. Exposed to self-learning varioustopics.
- 2. Learn to survey the literature such asbooks, journals and contact resource persons for the selected topic ofresearch.
- 3. Learn to write technical reports.
- 4. Develop oral and written communication skills topresent.
- 5. Defend their work in front of technically qualified audience

### **Guidelines:**

- The Project work will preferably be a problem with research potential and should involve scientific research, design, generation/collection and analysis of data, determining solution and must preferably bring out the individual contribution.
- Seminar should be based on the area in which the candidate has undertaken the dissertation work.
- The CIE shall include reviews and the preparation of report consisting of a detailed problem statement and a literature review.
- The preliminary results (if available) of the problem may also be discussed in the report.
- The work has to be presented in front of the committee consists of Chairperson-BoS, O.U and Head, Supervisor & Project coordinator from the respective Department of the Institute.
- The candidate has to be in regular contact with his supervisor and the topic of dissertation must be mutually decided by the guide and student.

Guidelines for awarding marks in CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation): Max. Marks: 100				
Evaluation by	Max. Marks	<b>Evaluation Criteria / Parameter</b>		
Supervisor	30	Project Status / Review(s)		
	20	Report		
Departmental Committee	10	Relevance of the Topic		
(Chairperson BoS, O.U. and	10	PPT Preparation		
Head, Supervisor & Project	10	Presentation		
coordinator from the respective	10	Question and Answers		
department of the institution)	10	Report Preparation		

Note: The Supervisor has to assess the progress of the student regularly.

Course Code	Course Title				Core/Elective		
PC 1157 CD		Major Project Phase – II (Dissertation)					Core
Prerequisite	Contact Hours per Week			CIE	SEE	Credits	
	L	Т	D	Р	CIE	SEE	Cicuits
-	-	-	-	32	-	200	16

# **Course Outcomes**

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- 1. Use different experimental techniques and will be able to use different software/ computational /analyticaltools.
- 2. Design and develop an experimental set up/ equipment/testrig.
- 3. Conduct tests on existing set ups/equipments and draw logical conclusions from the results after analysingthem.
- 4. Either work in a research environment or in an industrial environment.
- 5. Conversant with technical report writing and will be able to present and convince their topic of study to the engineering community.

# **Guidelines:**

- It is a continuation of Major Project Phase I started in semester -III.
- The student has to submit the report in prescribed format and also present aseminar.
- The dissertation should be presented in standard format as provided by thedepartment.
- The candidate has to prepare a detailed project report consisting of introduction of the problem, problem statement, literature review, objectives of the work, methodology (experimental set up or numerical details as the case may be) of solution and results and discussion.
- The report must bring out the conclusions of the work and future scope for the study. The work has to be presented in front of the examiners panel consisting of an approved external examiner and Chairperson BoS, & Head, O.U.and Supervisor from the Institute.
- The candidate has to be in regular contact with his/her Supervisor / Co- Supervisor

Guidelines for awarding marks in SEE (Semester End Examination): Max. Marks: 200					
Evaluation by	Max. Marks Evaluation Criteria / Parameter				
Supervisor	10	Regularity and Punctuality			
	10	Work Progress			
	30	Quality of the work which may lead to publications			
	10	Analytical / Programming / Experimental Skills			
		Preparation			
	10	Report preparation in a standard format			
External Examiner and Chairperson, BoS& Head, O.U. and together	20	Power Point Presentation			
	60	Quality of thesis and evaluation			
	30	Innovations, application tosociety and Scope for			
	30	futurestudy			
	20	Viva-Voce			